

Pilot 3-port Solenoid Valve

Series VX31/32/33

Operation Manual



Single unit





Registration No.		VX31N*	* - OMJ0	002
Symb	Part	Revision	Data	YMO

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Direct Operated 3 Port Solenoid Valve

Series VX31/32/33

For Water, Oil, Steam, Air



Single Unit

■ Valve

Normally closed (N.C.) Normally open (N.O.) Common (COM.)

■ Solenoid Coil

Coil: Class B, Class H

■ Rated Voltage

100 VAC, 200 VAC, 110 VAC, 220 VAC, 240 VAC, 230 VAC, 48 VAC, 24 VDC, 12 VDC

■ Material

Body — Brass (C37), Stainless steel Seal — NBR, FKM, EPDM, PTFE, FFKM

■ Electrical Entry

- Grommet
- Conduit
- DIN terminal
- Conduit terminal



Normally Closed (N.C.) / Normally Open (N.O.) / Common (COM.)

	Model	VX31	VX32	VX33
26	1.5 mmø		_	
se size	2.2 mmø	•	•	
ffice	3 mmø			
Oriffic	4 mmø			
F	ort size	1/8, 1/4	1/4, 3/8	1/4, 3/8





■ Valve

Normally closed (N.C.) Normally open (N.O.) Common (COM.)

Base

Common SUP/EXH type

Solenoid Coil

Coil: Class B, Class H

Rated Voltage

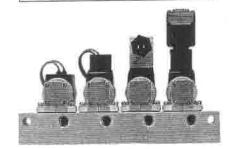
100 VAC, 200 VAC, 110 VAC, 220 VAC, 240 VAC, 230 VAC, 48 VAC, 24 VDC, 12 VDC

■ Material

Body — Brass (C37)
Base — Aluminum
Seal — NBR, FKM, EPDM

■ Electrical Entry

- Grommet
- · Conduit
- DIN terminal
 Conduit terminal



Normally Closed (N.C.) / Normally Open (N.O.) / Common (COM.)

	Mod	el	VX31	VX32	VX33
92	1.51	nmø	•	-	_
S	2.21	nmø			
Orifice size	31	nmø			
ŏ	4 1	mmø	-	0	
(0004)	- iyee	IN port		1/4	
O ID/EV	Port size	EXH port OUT port IN port		1/8, 1/4	4
0,000		EXH port		1/4	



Series VX

Safety Instructions

These safety instructions are intended to prevent a hazardous situation and/or equipment damage. These instructions indicate the level of potential hazard by labels of "Caution", "Warning" or "Danger". To ensure safety, be sure to observe ISO 4414 Note 1), JIS B 8370 Note 2) and other safety practices.

★ Warning: Operator error could result in serious injury or loss of life.

▲ Danger : In extreme conditions, there is a possible result of serious injury or loss of life.

Note 1) ISO 4414: Pneumatic fluid power--General rules relating to systems.

Note 2) JIS B 8370: General Rules for Pneumatic Equipment

△Warning

- The compatibility of the pneumatic equipment is the responsibility of the person who designs the pneumatic system or decides its specifications.
 - Since the products specified here are used in various operating conditions, their compatibility for the specific pneumatic system must be based on specifications or post analysis and/or tests to meet your specific requirements. The expected performance and safety assurance are the responsibility of the person who has determined the compatibility of the system. This person should continuously review the suitability of all items specified, referring to the latest catalog information with a view to giving due consideration to any possibility of equipment failure when configuring a system.
- Only trained personnel should operate pneumatically operated machinery and equipment.
 - Compressed air can be dangerous if handled incorrrectly. Assembly, handling or repair of pneumatic systems should be performed by trained and experienced operators.
- Do not service machinery/equipment or attempt to remove components until safety is confirmed.
 - Inspection and maintenance of machinery/equipment should only be performed once measures to prevent falling or runaway of the driven objects have been confirmed.
 - When equipment is removed, confirm that safety process as mentioned above. Turn off the supply pressure for this equipment and exhaust all residual compressed air in the system.
 - Before machinery/equipment is restarted, take measures to prevent quick extension of a cylinder piston rod, etc.
- Contact SMC if the product will be used in any of the following conditions:
 - Conditions and environments beyond the given specifications, or if product is used outdoors.
 - Installation on equipment in conjunction with atomic energy, railway, air navigation, vehicles, medical equipment, food and beverages, recreation equipment, emergency stop circuits, clutch and brake circuits in press applications, or safety equipment.
 - An application which has the possibility of having negative effects on people, property, or animals, requiring special safety analysis.



Be sure to read this before handling. For detailed precautions on each series, refer to the main text.

Design

Cannot be used as an emergency shutoff valve, etc.

The valves presented in this catalog are not designed for safety applications such as an emergency shutoff valve. If the valves are used in this type of system, other reliable safety assurance measures should also be adopted.

2. Extended periods of continuous energization

The solenoid coil will generate heat when continuously energized. Avoid using in a tightly shut container. Install it in a well-ventilated area. Furthermore, do not touch it while it is being energized or right after it is energized.

This solenoid valve cannot be used for explosion proof applications.

4. Maintenance space

The installation should allow sufficient space for maintenance activities (removal of valve, etc.).

5. Liquid rings

In cases with a flowing liquid, provide a bypass valve in the system to prevent the liquid from entering the liquid seal circuit.

6. Actuator drive

When an actuator, such as a cylinder, is to be driven using a valve, take appropriate measures to prevent potential danger caused by actuator operation.

7. Pressure (including vacuum) holding

It is not usable for an application such as holding the pressure (including vacuum) inside of a pressure vessel because air leakage is entailed in a valve.

- When the conduit type is used as equivalent to an IP65 enclosure, install a wiring conduit, etc.
- When an impact, such as water hammer, etc., caused by the rapid pressure fluctuation is applied, the solenoid valve may be damaged. Give an attention to it.

Selection

1. Confirm the specifications.

Give careful consideration to the operating conditions such as the application, fluid and environment, and use within the operating ranges specified in this catalog.

2. Fluid

1) Type of fluid

Before using a fluid, confirm whether it is compatible with the materials from each model by referring to the fluids listed in this catalog. Use a fluid with a dynamic viscosity of 50 mm²/s or less. If there is something you do not know, please contact us.

2) Inflammable oil, Gas,

Confirm the specification for leakage in the interior and/or exterior area.

Selection

⚠ Warning

3) Corrosive gas

Cannot be used since it will lead to cracks by stress corrosion or result in other incidents.

- 4) Use an oil-free specification when any oily particle must not enter the passage.
- 5) Applicable fluid on the list may not be used depending on the operating condition. Give adequate confirmation, and then determine a model, just because the compatibility list shows the general case.

3. Fluid quality

The use of a fluid which contains foreign matter can cause problems such as malfunction and seal failure by promoting wear of the valve seat and armature, and by sticking to the sliding parts of the armature, etc. Install a suitable filter (strainer) immediately upstream from the valve. As a general rule, use 80 to 100 mesh. When used to supply water to boilers, substances such as calcium and magnesium which generate hard scale and sludge are included. Since this scale and sludge can cause the valve to malfunction, install water softening equipment, and a filter (strainer) directly upstream from the valve to remove these substances.

4. Air quality

1) Use clean air.

Do not use compressed air which includes chemicals, synthetic oils containing organic solvents, salt or corrosive gases, etc., as it can cause damage or malfunction.

2) Install air filters.

Install air filters close to valves at their upstream side. A filtration degree of 5µm or less should be selected.

3) Install an air dryer or after cooler, etc.

Compressed air that includes excessive drainage may cause malfunction of valves and other pneumatic equipment. To prevent this, install an air dryer or after cooler, etc.

 If excessive carbon powder is generated, eliminate it by installing mist separators at the upstream side of valves.

If excessive carbon powder is generated by the compressor, it may adhere to the inside of the valves and cause a malfunction.

Refer to SMC's Best Pneumatics catalog vol. 14 for further details on compressed air quality.

5. Ambient environment

Use within the operable ambient temperature range. Confirm the compatibility between the product's composition materials and the ambient atmosphere. Be sure that the fluid used does not touch the external surface of the product.

6. Countermeasures against static electricity

Take measures to prevent static electricity since some fluids can cause static electricity.

7. For the low particle generation specification, confirm us separately.



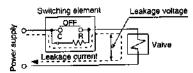
Be sure to read this before handling. For detailed precautions on each series, refer to the main text.

Selection

⚠ Caution

Leakage voltage

Particularly when using a resistor in parallel with a switching element and using a C-R element (surge voltage suppressor) to protect the switching element, take note that leakage current will flow through the resistor, C-R element, etc., creating a possible danger that the valve may not turn off.



AC/Class B coil: 5% or less of rated voltage AC/Class H coil: 20% or less of rated voltage DC coil: 2% or less of rated voltage

2. Low temperature operation

- The valve can be used in an ambient temperature of between -10 to -20°C, however take measures to prevent freezing or solidification of impurities, etc.
- 2. When using vaives for water application in cold climates, take appropriate countermeasures to prevent the water from freezing in tubing after cutting the water supply from the pump, by draining the water, etc. When heating by steam, be careful not to expose the coil portion to steam. Installation of dryer, heat retaining of the body is recommended to prevent a freezing condition in which the dew point temperature is high and the ambient temperature is low, and the high flow rups.

Mounting

 If all leakage increases or equipment does not operate properly, stop operation.

After mounting is completed, confirm that it has been done correctly by performing a suitable function test.

2. Do not apply external force to the coil section.

When tightening is performed, apply a wrench or other tool to the outside of the piping connection parts.

3. Be sure not to position the coil downwards.

When mounting a valve with its coil positioned downwards, foreign objects in the fluid will adhere to the iron core leading to a malfunction.

Do not warm the coil assembly with a heat insulator, etc.

Use tape, heaters, etc., for freeze prevention on the piping and body only. They can cause the coil to burn out.

- Secure with brackets, except in the case of steel piping and copper fittings.
- Avoid sources of vibration, or adjust the arm from the body to the minimum length so that resonance will not occur.

7. Painting and coating

Warnings or specifications printed or labeled on the product should not be erased, removed or covered up.

Piping

⚠ Caution

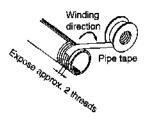
1. Preparation before piping

Before piping is connected, it should be thoroughly blown out with air (flushing) or washed to remove chips, cutting oil and other debris from inside the pipe.

2. Wrapping of pipe tape

When connecting pipes, fittings, etc., be sure that chips from the pipe threads and sealing material do not enter the valve.

Furthermore, when pipe tape is used, leave 1.5 to 2 thread ridges exposed at the end of the threads.



- 3. Avoid connecting ground lines to piping, as this may cause electric corrosion of the system.
- 4. Always tighten threads with the proper tightening torque.

When attaching fittings to valves, tighten with the proper tightening torque shown below.

Tightening Torque for Plping

Connection threads	Proper tightening torque N-m
Rc 1/8	7 to 9
Rc 1/4	12 to 14
Rc 3/8	22 to 24
Rc 1/2	28 to 30

5. Connection of piping to products

When connecting piping to a product, refer to its instruction manual to avoid mistakes regarding the supply port, etc.

6. Steam generated in a boiler contains a large amount of drainage.

Be sure to operate it with a drain trap installed.

7. In applications such as vacuum and non-leak specifications, use caution specifically against the contamination of foreign matters or airtightness of the fittings.



Be sure to read this before handling. For detailed precautions on each series, refer to the main text.

Wiring

- 1. As a rule, use electrical wire with a cross sectional area of 0.5 to 1.25mm2 for wiring. Furthermore, do not allow excessive force to be applied to the lines.
- 2. Use electrical circuits which do not generate chattering in their contacts.
- Use voltage which is within ±10% of the rated voltage. In cases with a DC power supply where importance is placed on responsiveness, stay within ±5% of the rated value. The voltage drop is the value in the lead wire section connecting the coil.
- 4. When a surge from the solenoid affects the electrical circuitry, install a surge absorber, etc., in parallel with the solenoid. Or, adopt an option that comes with the surge voltage protection circuit. (However, a surge

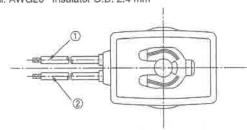
voltage occurs even if the surge voltage protection circuit is used. For details, please consult with us.)

Caution

Grommet

Class H coil: AWG18 Insulator O.D. 2.2 mm Class B coil: AWG20 Insulator O.D. 2.4 mm

Electrical Connections

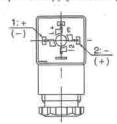


Programmer and	Lead w	ire color
Rated voltage	(D)	(2)
DC (Class B only)	Black	Red
100 VAC	Blue	Blue
200 VAC	Red	Red
Other AC	Gray	Gray

^{*} There is no polarity.

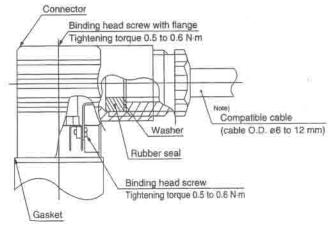
DIN connector (Class B only)

Since internal connections are as shown below for the DIN connector, make connections to the power supply accordingly.



Terminal no.	100	2
DIN terminal	+ ()	- (+)

- ... There is no polarity.
- Use compatible heavy duty cords with cable O.D. of ø6 to 12.
- Use the tightening torques below for each section.



Note) For an outside cable diameter of ø9 to 12 mm, remove the internal parts of the rubber seal before using.



Be sure to read this before handling. For detailed precautions on each series, refer to the main text.

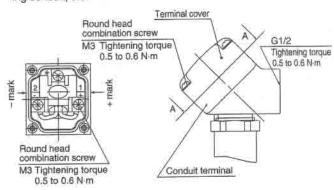
Electrical Connections

∧ Caution

Conduit terminal

In the case of the conduit terminal, make connections according to the marks shown below.

- Use the tightening torques below for each section.
- Properly seal the terminal connection (G1/2) with the special wiring conduit, etc.

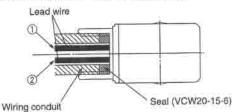


View A-A (Internal connection diagram)

Conduit

When used as an IP65 equivalent, use seal (part no. VCW20-15-6) to install the wiring conduit. Also, use the tightening torque below for the conduit.

Class H coil: AWG18 Insulator O.D. 2.2 mm Class B coil: AWG20 Insulator O.D. 2.4 mm



Bore size G1/2 Tightening torque 0.5 to 0.6 N-m

20 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Lead w	ire color
Rated voltage	(D)	(2)
DC	Black	Red
100 VAC	Blue	Blue
200 VAC	Red	Red
Other AC	Gray	Gray

^{*} There is no polarity for DC.

Description	Part no.
Seal	VCW20-15-6

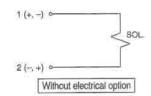
Note) Please order separately.

Electrical Circuits

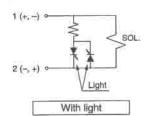
△ Caution

DC circuit

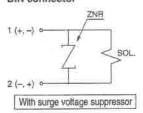
Grommet, Conduit, Conduit terminal, DIN connector



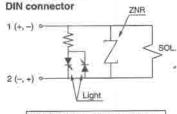
Conduit terminal, DIN connector



Grommet, Conduit terminal, DIN connector



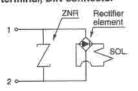
Conduit terminal,



With light/surge voltage suppressor

AC/Class B coil circuit

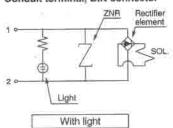
Grommet, Conduit, Conduit terminal, DIN connector



Without electrical option

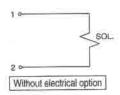
Surge voltage suppressor is attached to the AC/Class B coil, as a standard.

Conduit terminal, DIN connector

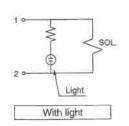


AC/Class H coil circuit

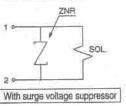
Grommet, Conduit, Conduit terminal



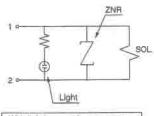
Conduit terminal



Grommet, Conduit terminal



Conduit terminal





Be sure to read this before handling. For detailed precautions on each series, refer to the main text.

Operating Environment

△ Warning

- Do not use the valves in an atmosphere having corrosive gases, chemicals, salt water, water, steam, or where there is direct contact with any of these.
- 2. Do not use in explosive atmospheres.
- Do not use in locations subject to vibration or impact.
- Do not use in locations where radiated heat will be received from nearby heat sources.
- Employ suitable protective measures in locations where there is contact with water droplets, oil or welding spatter, etc.

Lubrication

↑ Caution

 This solenoid valve can be operated without lubrication.

If a lubricant is used in the system, use turbine oil Class 1, ISO VG32 (with no additive). But do not lubricate a valve with EPDM seal

Refer to the table of brand name of lubricants compliant with Class 1 turbine oil (with no additive), ISO VG32.

Class 1 Turbine Oil (with no additive), ISO VG32

Classification of Viscosity (est) acc (40°C) IS	iscosity. cording to O Grade	32	
Idemitsu Kosan Co	.,Ltd.	Turbine oil P-32	
Nippon Oll Corp.		Turbine oil 32	
Cosmo Oll Co.,Ltd.		Cosmo turbine 32	
Japan Energy Corp.		Kyodo turbine 32	
Kygnus Oil Co.		Turbine oil 32	
Kyushu Oil Co.		Stork turbine 32	
Nippon Oll Corp.		Mitsubishi turbine 32	
Showa Shell Sekiyu K.K.		Turbine 32	
Tonen General Sekiyu K.K.		General R turbine 32	
Fuji Kosan Co.,Ltd.		Fucoal turbine 32	

Please contact SMC regarding Class 2 turbine oil (with additives), ISO VG32.

Maintenance

1 Removing the product

The valve will reach a high temperature when used with high temperature fluids. Confirm that the valve temperature has dropped sufficiently before performing work. If touched inadvertently, there is a danger of being burned.

- Shut off the fluid supply and release the fluid pressure in the system.
- 2. Shut off the power supply.
- 3. Demount the product.

2. Low frequency operation

Switch valves at least once every 30 days to prevent malfunction. Also, in order to use it under the optimum state, conduct a regular inspection once a half year.

Maintenance

⚠ Caution

1. Filters and strainers

- 1. Be careful regarding clogging of filters and strainers.
- Replace filter elements after one year of use, or earlier if the pressure drop reaches 0.1 MPa.
- 3. Clean strainers when the pressure drop reaches 0.1 MPa.

2. Lubrication

When using after lubricating, never forget to lubricate continuously.

3. Storage

In case of long term storage after use with heated water, thoroughly remove all moisture to prevent rust and deterioration of rubber materials, etc.

 Exhaust the drain from an air filter periodically.

Operating Precautions

⚠ Warning

 Valves will reach high temperatures from high temperature fluids. Use caution, as there is a danger of being burned if a valve is touched directly.

(How to indicate flow characteristics)

1. Indication of flow characteristics

Indication of the flow characteristics in specifications for equipment such as solenoid valve, etc. is depending on "Table (1)".

Table (1) Indication of Flow Characteristics

Corresponding equipment	Indication by international standard	Other indications	Standards conforming to
	C, b	-	ISO 6358: 1989 JIS B 8390: 2000
Equipment for pneumatics	_	S	JIS B 8390: 2000 Equipment: JIS B 8373, 8374, 8375, 8379, 838
		Cv	ANSI/(NFPA)T3.21.3: 1990
Equipment for controlling process fluids	Av	-	IEC60534-2-3: 1997 JIS B 2005: 1995
	_	Cv	Equipment: JIS B 8471, 8472, 8473

2. Equipment for pneumatics

2.1 Indication according to the international standards

- (1) Standards conforming to
 - : Pneumatic fluid power—Components using compressible fluids— ISO 6358: 1989
 - Determination of flow-rate characteristics
 - JIS B 8390: 2000: Pneumatic fluid power—Components using compressible fluids—
 - How to test flow-rate characteristics
- (2) Definition of flow characteristics
 - Flow rate characteristics are indicated as a result of a comparison between sonic conductance C and critical pressure ratio b. Sonic conductance C: Values which divide the passing mass flow rate of an equipment in a choked flow condition by the
 - product of the upstream absolute pressure and the density in the standard condition.
 - Critical pressure ratio b: It is the pressure ratio which will turn to the choke flow (downstream pressure/upstream pressure)
 - when it is smaller than this values. (critical pressure ratio)
 - : It is the flow in which the upstream pressure is higher than the downstream pressure and where Choked flow
 - sonic speed in a certain part of an equipment is reached. Gaseous mass flow rate is in proportion to the upstream pressure and not dependent on the
 - downstream pressure. (choked flow)
 - : Flow greater than the critical pressure ratio Subsonic flow
 - : Air in a temperature state of 20°C, absolute pressure 0.1 MPa (= 100 kPa = 1 bar), relative humidity Standard condition
 - It is stipulated by adding the abbreviation (ANR) after the unit depicting air volume.
 - (standard reference atmosphere) Standard conforming to: ISO 8778: 1990 Pneumatic fluid power—Standard reference atmosphere, JIS B 8393: 2000: Pneumatic fluid power-Standard reference atmosphere
- (3) Formula of flow rate
 - It can be indicated by the practical unit as following.

$$\frac{P_2 + 0.1}{P_1 + 0.1} \le b$$
, choked flow

$$Q = 600 \times C (P1 + 0.1) \sqrt{\frac{293}{273 + t}}$$
 (1)

$$\frac{P2+0.1}{P1+0.1} > b$$
, subsonic flow

$$Q = 600 \times C(Pt + 0.1) \sqrt{1 - \left[\frac{P2 + 0.1}{Pt + 0.1} - b\right]^2} \sqrt{\frac{293}{273 + t}}$$
 (2)

Q : Air flow rate [dm³/min (ANR)], dm³ (Cubic decimeter) of SI unit are also allowed to described by ℓ (liter). 1 dm³ = 1 ℓ .

C : Sonic conductance [dm3/(s-bar)]

b : Critical pressure ratio [-]

P1: Upstream pressure [MPa]

P2 : Downstream pressure [MPa]

t : Temperature [°C]

Note) Formula of subsonic flow is the elliptic analogous curve.

Flow characteristics curve is indicated in the Graph (1) For details, please use SMC's "Energy Saving Program".

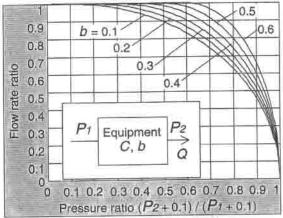
Example)

Obtain the air flow rate for Pt = 0.4 [MPa], P2 = 0.3 [MPa], t = 20 [°C] when a solenoid valve is performed in C = 2 [dm³/(s·bar)] and b = 0.3.

According to formula 1, the maximum flow rate = $600 \times 2 \times (0.4 + 0.1) \times \sqrt{\frac{293}{273 + 20}} = 600 \text{ [dm}^3/\text{min (ANR)]}$

Pressure ratio =
$$\frac{0.3 + 0.1}{0.4 + 0.1}$$
 = 0.8

Based on the Graph (1), it is going to be 0.7 if it is read by the pressure ratio as 0.8 and the flow ratio to be b = 0.3. Hence, flow rate = Max. flow x flow ratio = $600 \times 0.7 = 420 \text{ [dm}^3/\text{min (ANR)]}$



Graph (1) Flow characteristics line

(4) Test method By attaching a test equipment with the test circuit indicated in Fig. (1) while maintaining to a certain amount which does not let the upstream pressure go down below 0.3 MPa, measure the maximum flow to be saturated in the first place. Next, measure this flow rate at 80%, 60%, 40%, 20% and the upstream and downstream pressure. And then, obtain the sonic conductance C from this maximum flow rate. Besides that, substitute each data of others for the formula of subsonic flow in order to find b, then

obtain the critical pressure ratio b from that average.

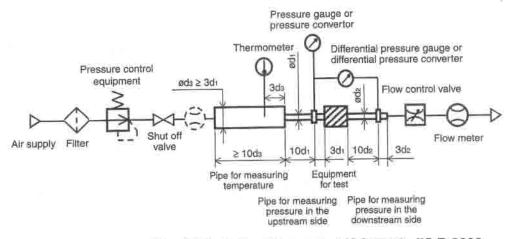


Fig. (1) Test circuit based on ISO 6358, JIS B 8390

2.2 Effective area S

(1) Standards conforming to

JIS B 8390: 2000: Pneumatic fluid power—Components using compressible fluids—

Determination of flow rate characteristics

Equipment standards: JIS B 8373: 2 port solenoid valve for pneumatics

JIS B 8374: 3 port solenoid valve for pneumatics

JIS B 8375: 4 port, 5 port solenoid valve for pneumatics

JIS B 8379: Silencer for pneumatics

JIS B 8381: Fittings of flexible joint for pneumatics

(2) Definition of flow characteristics

Effective area S: is the cross-sectional area having an ideal throttle without friction deduced from the calculation of the pressure changes inside an air tank or without reduced flow when discharging the compressed air in a choked flow, from an equipment attached to the air tank. This is the same concept representing the "easy to run through" as sonic conductance C (effective area).

(3) Formula of flow rate

When

$$\frac{P_2 + 0.1}{P_1 + 0.1} \le 0.5$$
, choked flow
$$Q = 120 \times S (P_1 + 0.1) \sqrt{\frac{293}{273 + t}}$$
(3)

When

$$\frac{P2+0.1}{P1+0.1} > 0.5$$
, subsonic flow
$$Q = 240 \times S \sqrt{(P2+0.1)(P1-P2)} \sqrt{\frac{293}{273+t}}$$
 (4)

Conversion with sonic conductance C:

 $S = 5.0 \times C$ (5)

Q: Air flow rate[dm³/min(ANR)], dm³ (cubic decimeter) of SI unit is good to be described by ℓ (liter), too. 1 dm³ = 1 ℓ

S: Effective area [mm²]
Pt: Upstream pressure [MPa]

P2 : Downstream pressure [MPa]

t : Temperature [°C]

Note) Formula for subsonic flow (4) is only applicable when the critical pressure ratio b is the unknown equipment. In the formula by sonic conductance C (2), it is the same formula when b = 0.5.

(4) Test method

By attaching the equipment for testing with the test circuit shown in Fig. (2), discharge air into the atmosphere until the pressure inside the air tank goes down to 0.25 MPa (0.2 MPa) from an air tank filled with compressed air of a certain pressure (0.5 MPa) which does not go down below 0.6 MPa. At this time, measure the discharging time and the residual pressure inside the air tank which had been left until it turned to be the normal values, and then determine the effective area S by using the following formula. The volume of air tank should be selected within the specified range by corresponding to the effective area of the equipment being tested. In the case of JIS B 8373, 8374, 8375, 8379, 8381, the pressure values are in parentheses and the coefficient of formula is 12.9

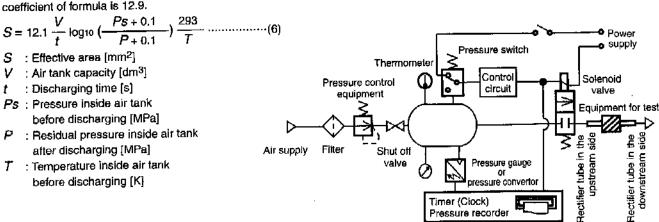


Fig. (2) Test circuit based on JIS B 8390

2.3 Flow coefficient Cv factor

The United States Standard ANSI/(NFPA)T3.21.3:1990: Pneumatic fluid power—Flow rating test procedure and reporting method for fixed orifice components

defines the Cv factor of flow coefficient by the following formula which is based on the test conducted by the test circuit analogous to ISO 6358.

$$Cv = \frac{Q}{114.5 \sqrt{\frac{\Delta P (P2 + Pe)}{T_1}}}$$
(7)

 ΔP : Pressure drop between the static pressure tapping ports [bar]

P1 : Pressure of the upstream tapping port [bar gauge]

 P_2 : Pressure of the downstream tapping port [bar gauge]: $P_2 = P_1 - \Delta P$

Q : Flow rate [dm³/s standard condition]
 Pa : Atmospheric pressure [bar absolute]

T1: Test conditions of the upstream absolute temperature [K]

is $< P1 + Pa = 6.5 \pm 0.2$ bar absolute, $T1 = 297 \pm 5$ K, 0.07 bar $\le \Delta P \le 0.14$ bar.

This is the same concept as effective area A which ISO6358 stipulates as being applicable only when the pressure drop is smaller than the upstream pressure and the compression of air does not become a problem.

3. Equipment for process fluids

(1) Standards conforming to

IEC60534-2-3: 1997: Industrial process control valves. Part 2: Flow capacity, Section Three-Test procedures

JIS B 2005: 1995: Test method for the flow coefficient of a valve

Equipment standards: JIS B 8471: Regulator for water

JIS B 8472: Solenoid valve for steam

JIS B 8473: Solenoid valve for fuel oil

(2) Definition of flow characteristics

AV factor: Value of the clean water flow rate represented by m³/s which runs through a valve (equipment for test) when the pressure difference is 1 Pa. It is calculated using the following formula.

$$Av = Q \sqrt{\frac{\rho}{\lambda P}}$$
 (8)

Av : Flow coefficient [m2]

Q : Flow rate [m3/s]

 ΔP : Pressure difference [Pa]

ρ : Density of fluid [kg/m^s]

(3) Formula of flow rate

tt is described by the known unit. Also, the flow characteristics line shown in the Graph (2).

In the case of liquid:

$$Q = 1.9 \times 10^6 Av \sqrt{\frac{\Delta P}{G}}$$
 (9)

Q: Flow rate [dmin]

Av : Flow coefficient [m2]

ΔP : Pressure difference [MPa]

G: Relative density [water = 1]

In the case of saturated aqueous vapor:

$$Q = 8.3 \times 10^6 Av \sqrt{\Delta P(P2 + 0.1)}$$
 (10)

Q: Flow rate [m3/s]

Av : Flow coefficient [m2]

△P : Pressure difference [Pa]

 P_1 : Relative density [MPa]: $\Delta P = P_1 - P_2$

P2: Relative density [MPa]

Conversion of flow coefficient:

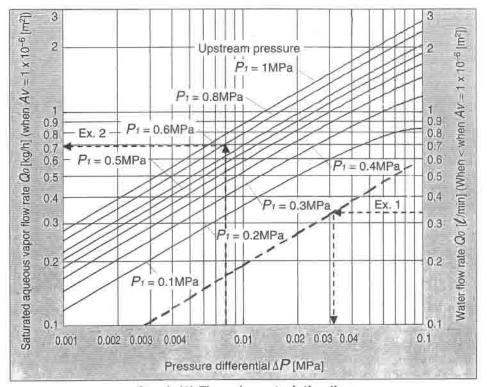
 $AV = 28 \times 10^{-6} \text{ KV} = 24 \times 10^{-6} \text{ CV} \dots (11)$

Here.

KV factor: Value of the clean water flow rate represented by the m3/h which runs through the valve at 5 to 40°C, when the pressure difference is 1 bar.

CV factor (Reference values): It is the figures representing the flow rate of clean water by US gal/min which runs through the valve at 60°F, when the pressure difference is 1 lbf/in² (psi).

Values of pneumatic Kv are different from Cv because the testing method is different from each other.



Graph (2) Flow characteristics line

Evamala 1)

Obtain the pressure difference when water 15 [t/min] runs through the solenoid valve with an $Av = 45 \times 10^{-6}$ [m²]. Since Qo = 15/45 = 0.33 [/min], according to the Graph (2), If reading ΔP when Qo is 0.33, it will be 0.031 [MPa].

Example 2)

Obtain the flow rate of saturated aqueous vapor when $P_t = 0.8$ [MPa], $\Delta P = 0.008$ [MPa] with a solenoid valve with an $Av = 1.5 \times 10^{-6}$ [m²].

According to the Graph (2), if reading Q_0 when P_1 is 0.8 and ΔP is 0.008, it is 0.7 [kg/h]. Hence, the flow rate $Q = 0.7 \times 1.5 = 1.05$ [kg/h].

(4) Test method

By attaching the equipment for testing with the test circuit shown in Fig. (3) and running water at 5 to 40 $^{\circ}$ C, measure the flow rate with a pressure difference of 0.075 MPa. However, the pressure difference needs to be set with a large enough difference so that the Reynolds number does not go below a range of 4 x 10 4 .

By substituting the measurement results for formula (8) to figure out Av.

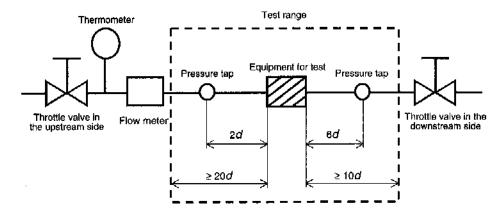
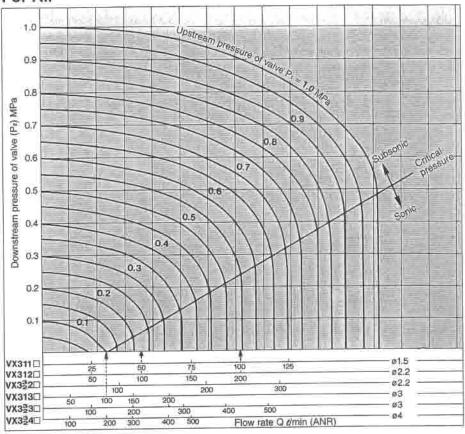


Fig. (3) Test circuit based on IEC60534-2-3, JIS B 2005

Flow Characteristics

Note) Use this graph as a guide. In the case of obtaining an accurate flow rate, refer to front matter pages 1 to 6.

For Air



How to read the graph

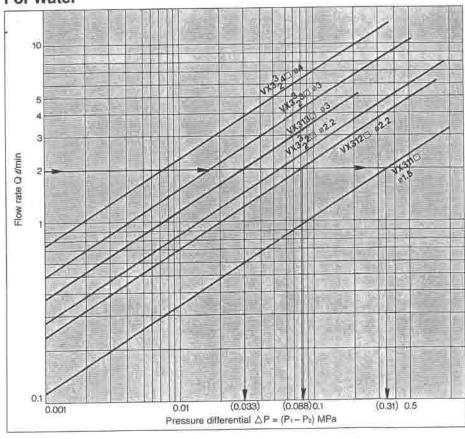
The sonic range pressure to generate a flow rate of 100 d/min (ANR) is

P₁ ≈ 0.1 MPa for a ø3 orifice (VX313□),

P₁ ≈ 0.23 MPa for a ø2.2 orifice (VX312□), and

P₁ ≈ 0.55 MPa for a ø1.5 orifice (VX311□).

For Water



How to read the graph

When a water flow of 2 ℓ min is generated, $\triangle P = 0.033$ MPa for a ø3 orifice (VX313 \square), $\triangle P = 0.088$ MPa for a ø2.2 orifice (VX312 \square), and $\triangle P = 0.31$ MPa for a ø1.5 orifice (VX311 \square).

Glossary of Terms

Pressure Terminology

Maximum operating pressure differential

The maximum pressure differential (the difference between the inlet and outlet pressure) which is allowed for operation, with the valve closed or open. When the downstream pressure is 0 MPa, this becomes the maximum operating pressure.

Minimum operating pressure differential

The minimum pressure differential (differential between the inlet pressure and the outlet pressure) required to keep the main valve fully opened.

3. Maximum system pressure

The maximum pressure that can be applied inside the pipelines (line pressure).

(The pressure differential of the solenoid valve unit must be less than the maximum operating pressure differential.)

4. Proof pressure

The pressure which must be withstood without a drop in performance after returning to the operating pressure range. (value under the prescribed conditions)

Electrical Terminology

Apparent power (VA)

Volt-ampere is the product of voltage (V) and current (A). Power dissipation (W): For AC, W = V/A cos. For DC, W =

(Note) cos shows power factor. cos = 0.6

Surge voltage

A high voltage which is momentarily generated in the shut-off unit by shutting off the power.

3. Degree of protection

A degree defined in the "JIS C 0920: Waterproof test of electric machinery/appliance and the degree of protection against the intrusion of solid foreign objects".

IP65: Dusttight, Low jetproof type

"Low jetproof type" means that no water intrudes inside an equipment that could hinder from operating normally by means of discharging water for 3 minutes in the prescribed manner. Take appropriate protection measures, since a device is not usable in an environment where a water drop is splashed.

Others

Material

NBR: Nitrile rubber

FKM: Fluoro rubber - Trade names: Viton®, Dai-el®, etc.

EPDM: Ethylene propylene rubber

PTFE: Polytetrafluoroethylene resin - Trade names: Teflon®,

Polyflon®, etc.

FFKM: Perfluoroelastomer

Trade names: Kalrez®, Chemraz®

Oil free treatment

The degreasing and washing of wetted parts.

Passage symbol

In the JIS symbol (III) IN and OUT are in a blocked condition (), but actually in the case of reverse pressure (OUT>IN), there is a limit to the blocking.

(占) is used to indicate that blocking of reverse pressure is not

Series VX31/32/33

Standard Specifications

	Valve construction Valve construction (MPa)		Direct operated poppet	
			3.0	
Valve	Body materi	al	Brass (C37), Stainless steel	
specifications	Seal materia	1	NBR, FKM, EPDM, PTFE, FFKM	
N.	Enclosure		Dusttight, Low jetproof (equivalent to IP65)*	
	Environmen	t	Location without corrosive or explosive gases	
7,000.00	Rated	AC (Class B coil, with full-wave rectifier)	100 VAC, 200 VAC, 110 VAC, 220 VAC, 230 VAC, 240 VAC, 48 VAC	
	voltage	AC (Class H coll)		
		DC	24 VDC, 12 VDC	
Coll	Allowable ve	oltage fluctuation	±10% of rated voltage	
specifications	leakage	AC (Class B coil, with full-wave rectifier)	±5% or less of rated voltage	
		AC (Class H coll)	±20% or less of rated voltage	
	voltage	DC	±2% or less of rated voltage	
	Coil Insulati	on type	Class B, Class H	

^{*} Electrical entry, Grommet with surge voltage suppressor (GS) has a rating of IP40.

Solenoid Coil Specifications

DC Specification

Model	Power consumption (W)	Temperature rise (C°) Note)
VX31	4.5	45
VX32	7	45
VX33	10.5	60

Note) The values are for an ambient temperature of 20°C and at the rated voltage.

AC Specification (Class B coil, with full-wave rectifier)

Model	Apparent power (VA)*	Temperature rise (C°) Note
VX31	7	55
VX32	9.5	60
VX33	12	65

^{*} There is no difference in the frequency and the inrush and energized apparent power, since a rectifying circuit is used in the AC (Class B). Note) The values are for an ambient temperature of 20°C and at the rated voltage.

AC Specification (Class H coil)

Model Frequency (Hz)		Apparent	power (VA)	Temperature rise (C°) Non
		Inrush	Energized	Temperature floo (01)
	50	33	14	65
VX31	60	28	12	60
	50	65	33	100
VX32	60	55	27	95
	50	94	50	120
VX33	60	79	41	115

Note) The values are for an ambient temperature of 20°C and at the rated voltage.

For Water /Single Unit

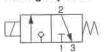
Model/Valve Specifications

N.C.

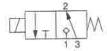
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COM.

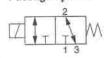
Passage symbol



Passage symbol



Passage symbol





Dala Mar	Orifice size Model		Orifice size Model Max. operating pressure differential (MPa)		erential (MPa)	Flow characteristics		Max system pressure	Weight
Port size	m size (mmø)	Wiodei	N.G.	N.O.	COM.	Av x 10 ⁻⁶ m ²	Cv converted		(g)
	1.5	VX311□-01	1	1	0.7	1.9	80.0		
1/8	2.2	VX312 -01	0.7	0.5	0.4	3.8	0.16		
(6A)	3	VX313 -01	0.3	0.3	0.2	5.8	0.24		380
	1.5	VX311□-02	1	1	0.7	1.9	0.08		
	1.09	VX312 -02	0.7	0.5	0.4	3.8	0.16		
	2.2	VX322 -02	1.2	1	0.7	4.6	4.6 0.19 5.8 0.24		530
V ₄	fail.	VX332 -02	1.6	1.6	- 1	4,0			730
(8A)		VX313□-02	0.3	0.3	0.2	5.8			380
VE:W	3	VX323□-02	0.6	0.5	0.3	7.0	7.9 0.33	2.0	530
		VX333 -02	1	0.9	0.6	7.9	0.50	2.0	730
		VX324□-02	0.3	0.25	0.2	12	0.50		÷ 530
	4	VX334□-02	0.5	0.4	0.3	1.4	0.50		730
		VX322 -03	1.2	1	0.7	4.6	0,19		530
	2.2	VX332□-03	1.6	1.6	- 1	4,0	0,15		730
2/		VX323□-03	0.6	0.5	0.3	7.9 0.33	0.99		530
3/8 (10A)	3	VX333□-03	1	0.9	0.6	.09	0.30		730
(10A)		VX324□-03	0.3	0.25	0.2	12	0.50		530
	4	VX334 -03	0.5	0.4	0.3	12	0.50		730

Note) Weight of grommet type. Add 10 g for conduit, 30 g for DIN terminal, and 60 g for terminal type respectively.

Also, add 60 g for VX31□□, 80 g for VX32□□ and VX33□□ respectively for bracket option.

Refer to "Glossary of Terms" on front matter 10, for details on the max. operating pressure differential and the max. system pressure.

Operating Fluid and Ambient Temperature

	Operating fluid to	Ambient	
Power source	Solenoid valve of	temperature	
de Total North State	NII, G. H	E, P	(°C)
AC	1 to 40	1 to 99	-20 to 60
DC	1 to 40		-20 to 40

Note) With no freezing

Seal material	Max. operating pressure differential	Leakage rate (With water pressure)
A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS AND AD	From 0 to less than 1 MPa	0.1 cm³/min or less
NBR, FKM, EPDM	1 MPa or more	0.2 cm³/min or less

Series VX31/32/33

For Oil /Single Unit

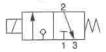
Model/Valve Specifications

N.C.

N.O.

COM.

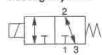
Passage symbol



Passage symbol



Passage symbol





Port size	Orifice size Model	Model	Max. operation	ng pressure diff	erential (MPa)	Flow char	racteristics	Max. system pressure	Weight (-)
r on size	(mmø)	(MioSall	N.C.	N.O.	COM.	Av x 10 ⁻⁶ m ²	Cv converted	(MPa)	(9)
	1.5	VX311□-01	1	1	0.7	1.9	80.0		
V8	2.2	VX312□-01	0.7	0.5	0.4	3.8	0.16		
(6A)	3	VX313⊡-01	0.3	0.3	0.2	5.8	0.24		380
	1.5	VX311□-02	1	1	0.7	1.9	0.08		
		VX312□-02	0.7	0.5	0.4	3.8	0.16		
	2.2	VX322 -02	1.2	1	0.7	4.6	0.19		530
1/4		VX332□-02	1.6	1.6	1	4,0	0.10		730
(8A)		VX313□-02	0.3	0.3	0.2	5.8	0.24		380
	3	VX323□-02	0.6	0.5	0.3	7.9	0.33	2.0	530
		VX333□-02	1	0.9	0.6		(0.00		730
		VX324□-02	0.3	0.25	0.2	12	0.50		530
	4	VX334⊡-02	0.5	0.4	0.3	12	0.00		730
		VX322□-03	1.2	1	0.7	4.6	0.19		530
	2.2	VX332□-03	1.6	1.6	1	4.0	0.15		730
3/8		VX323□-03	0.6	0.5	0.3	7.9	0.33		530
(10A)	3	VX333□-03	1	0.9	0.6	7.9	0.33		730
X277 6		VX324□-03	0.3	0.25	0.2	10	0.50		530
	410	VX334□-03	0.5	0.4	0.3	12	0.00		730

Note) Weight of grommet type. Add 10 g for conduit, 30 g for DIN terminal, and 60 g for terminal type respectively. Also, add 60 g for VX31□□, 80 g for VX32□□ and VX33□□ respectively for bracket option.

Operating Fluid and Ambient Temperature

	Operating fluid	Ambient	
Power source			temperature
	A, H	D, N	(°C)
AC	-5 Note) to 40	-5 Note) to 120	-20 to 60
DC	-5 Note) to 40		-20 to 40

Note) Dynamic viscosity; 50 mm²/s or less

Seal material	Max, operating pressure differential	Leakage rate (With oil pressure)
100 DE 1	From 0 to less than 1 MPa	0.1 cm³/min or less
FKM	1 MPa or more	0.2 cm³/min or less

Refer to "Glossary of Terms" on front matter 10, for details on the max, operating pressure differential and the max, system pressure.

Series VVX31/32/33

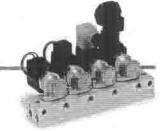
For Oil /Manifold

Solenoid Valve for Manifold/Valve Specifications

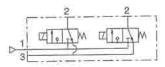
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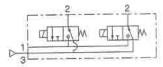
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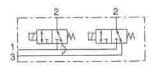
Passage symbol







Passage symbol



3 11 (134)	Model	Max. opera	Max. operating pressure differential (MPa)		Flow characteristics		Max. system pressure
Orifice size (mmø)	Wodei	N.C.	N.O.	COM.	Av x 10 ⁻⁶ m ²	Cv converted	(MPa)
1.5	VX311⊡-00	1	1	0.7	1.9	0.08	
1.5%	VX312□-00	0.7	0.5	0.4	3.8	0.16	
2.2	VX322 -00	1.2	1	0.7	4.6	0.19	
2.6	VX332□-00	1.6	1.6	1			
	VX313⊡-00	0.3	0.3	0.2	5.8	0.24	2.0
9	VX323□-00	0.6	0.5	0.3	7.9	0.33	
	VX333□-00	1	0.9	0.6	7.0	0.00	
	VX324□-00	0.3	0.25	0.2	12 0,50	0.50	
4	VX334[7-00	0.5	0.4	0.3		0,00	



[•] Refer to "Glossary of Terms" on front matter 10 for details on the max, operating pressure differential and the max, system pressure.

Operating Fluid and Ambient Temperature

	Operating fluid t	Ambient		
Power source	Solenoid valve	temperature		
	A	D	(°C)	
AC	-5 Note) to 40	-5 Note) to 120	-20 to 60	
DC	-5 Note) to 40	_	-20 to 40	

Note) Dynamic viscosity: 50 mm²/s or less

Seal material	Max. operating pressure differential	Leakage rate (With oil pressure)
FKM	From 0 to less than 1 MPa	0.1 cm³/min or less
	1 MPa or more	0.2 cm³/min or less

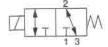
Series VX31/32/33

For Steam /Single Unit

Model/Valve Specifications

COM.

Passage symbol





Port size	Orifice size (mmø)	Model	Max. operating pressure differential (MPa)	Flow cha	racteristics	Max. system pressure	Weight
FUIT SIZE	TOTALE SILS (INTINE)	Size Office Size (filling)	COM.	Av x 10 ⁻⁶ m ²	Cv converted	(MPa)	(g)
	1.5	VX3114-01	0.7	1.9	0.08		
1/8	2:2	VX3124-01	0.4	3.8	0.16		
(6A)	3	VX3134-01	0.2	5.8	0.24		380
	15	VX3114-02	0.7	1.9	0.08		
		VX3124-02	0.4	3.8	0.16		
	2.2	VX3224-02	0.7	4.6	0.19	-	530
1/4		VX3324-02	1	9,0	4.0		730
(8A)		VX3134-02	0.2	5.8	0.24		380
.λ=- Z.	3	VX3234-02	0.3	7.9	0.33	1.0	530
		VX3334-02	0.6		0.55	1,0	730
		VX3244-02	0.2	12	0.50		530
	4	VX3344-02	0.3	12	0.30		730
		VX3224-03	0.7	4.6	0.19	1 [530
	2.2	VX3324-03	1	4.0	0.15		730
3/8		VX3234-03	0.3	7.9	0.33		530
(10A)	3	VX3334-03	0.6	7.9	0.55]	730
(10)		VX3244-03	0.2	12	0.50		530
	4	VX3344-03	0.3	16	0.50		730

Note) Weight of grommet type. Add 10 g for conduit, 30 g for DIN terminal, and 60 g for terminal type respectively.

Operating Fluid and Ambient Temperature

	Operating fluid temperature (°C)	Ambient	
Power source	Solenoid valve option (symbol)	temperature	
	S, Q	(°C)	
AC	183	-20 to 60	

Seal mat	erial	Leakage rate
Main valve poppet	Fixed sealant	(With air pressure)
FFKM	PTFE	150 cm³/min or less

Also, add 60 g for VX31□□, 80 g for VX32□□ and VX33□□ respectively for bracket option.

• Refer to "Glossary of Terms" on front matter 10, for details on the max. operating pressure differential and the max. system pressure.

Series VX31/32/33

For Air /Single Unit

(Inert gas, Non-leak, Medium vacuum)

Model/Valve Specifications

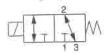
N.C.

COM.

Passage symbol

Passage symbol

Passage symbol





	I size Orifice size Mode			operating pre		Flow characteristics			Max. system pressure	Weight (g)
Port size	(mmø)	Model	N.C.	N.O.	COM.	C[dm3/(s-bar)]	b	Cv	(MPa)	(8//
4	1.5	VX311□-01	4	1	0.7	0.29	0.32	0.08		
1/8		VX312□-01	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.60	0.25	0.15		1.00
(6A)	2.2	VX313□-01	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.82	0.20	0.20		380
	1.5	VX311 -02	1	1	0.7	0.29	0.32	0.08		
	1.5	VX312□-02	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.60	0.25	0.15		1229
	2.2	VX322 -02	1.2	1	0.7	0.64	0.40	0.17	1 1	530
1/	2.2	VX332□-02	1.6	1.6	1	0.04	0.40		_	730
1/4 (8A)		VX313□-02	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.82	0.20	0.20		380
(0/1)	3	VX323□-02	0.6	0.5	0.3	1.3	0.25	0.27	2.0	530
	0	VX333□-02	1	0.9	0.6	1(+1)	0.2.0	.5.0		730
		VX324□-02	0.3	0.25	0.2	1.6	0.20	0.38		530
	4	VX334□-02	0.5	0.4	0.3	1.0	0.4.0	3.00		730
		VX322□-03	1.2	1	0.7	0.64	0.40	0.17		530
	2.2	VX332□-03	1.6	1.6	1	0/09	(Wide)	3/31/0	_	730
- J		VX323□-03	0.6	0.5	0.3	1.1	0.25	0.27		530
3/8	3	VX333□-03	1	0.9	0.6	(E+F)	(My Model)	3550	_	730
(10A)		VX324□-03	0.3	0.25	0.2	1.6	0.20	0.38		530
	4	VX324 03	0.5	0.4	0.3	1,0	0.20	0.90		730

Note) Weight of grommet type. Add 10 g for conduit, 30 g for DIN terminal, and 60 g for terminal type respectively.

Also, add 60 g for VX31□□, 80 g for VX32□□ and VX33□□ respectively for bracket option.

Operating Fluid and Ambient Temperature

	Operating fluid t	Ambient	
Power source	Solenoid valve	temperature	
1 OWOI SOUTO	Nil, G	V, M	(°C)
AC	-10 Note) to 60	-10 Note) to 40	-20 to 60
DC	-10 Note) to 60	-10 Note) to 40	-20 to 40

Note) Dew point temperature: -10°C or less

Tightness of Valve (Leakage Rate)

	a present the contract of	Leakage rate		
Seal material	Max. operating pressure differential	Air	Note) Non-leak, Medium vacuum	
	From 0 to less than 1 MPa	1 cm³/min or less	10 ⁻⁶ Pa-m³/sec	
NBR, FKM		2 cm³/min or less		

Note) The leakage amount (10 * Pa·m³/sec) for the "V" and "M" option are values when the differential pressure is 0.1 MPa.

[•] Refer to "Glossary of Terms" on front matter 10, for details on the max, operating pressure differential and the max, system pressure.

Series VVX31/32/33

For Air /Manifold

(Inert gas, Non-leak, Medium vacuum)

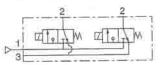
Solenoid Valve for Manifold/Valve Specifications

N.C.

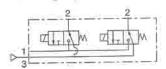
N.O.

COM.

Passage symbol



Passage symbol



Passage symbol



word to Water	Model	Max. operating pressure differential (MPa)			Flow characteristics			Max. system pressure
Orifice size (mmø)	Woder	N.C.	N.O.	COM.	C[dm3/(s-bar)]	Ь	CV	(MPa)
1.5	VX311□-00	1	1	0.7	0.29	0.32	0.08	
1.0	VX312 -00	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.60	0.25	0.15	
2.2	VX322□-00	1.2	1	0.7	0.64	0.40	0.17	
1.5	VX332⊡-00	1.6	1.6	1	0.04	0.40	20.00	
	VX313□-00	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.82	0.20	0.20	2.0
3	VX323□-00	0.6	0.5	0.3	101	0.25	0.27	
	VX333□-00	1	0.9	0.6	1975	- William	3.6.7	
	VX324□-00	0.3	0.25	0.2	1.6	0.20	0.38	
4	4 VX334□-00 0.5 0.4 0.3 1.8	1.95	O.E.O	3.50				

* Refer to "Glossary of Terms" on front matter 10 for details on the max. operating pressure differential and the max. system pressure.

Operating Fluid and Ambient Temperature

	Operating fluid t	Ambient temperature	
Power source	Solenoid valve		
	NII	V	(°C)
AC	-10 Note) to 60	-10 Note) to 40	-20 to 60
DC	-10 Note) to 60	-10 Note) to 40	-20 to 40

Note) Dew point temperature: -10°C or less

Tightness of Valve (Leakage Rate)

ALCOHOLD VI	Farence and the second	Leakage rate		
Seal material	Max. operating pressure differential	Air	Note) Non-leak; Medium vacuum	
CONSTRUCTION OF THE PARTY	From 0 to less than 1 MPa	1 cm³/min or less	10 ^{-e} Pa·m³/sec	
NBR, FKM		2 cm³/min or less		

Note) The leakage amount (10⁻⁶ Pa·m³/sec) for the "V" option is a value when the differential pressure is 0.1 MPa.

How to Order (Single Unit)

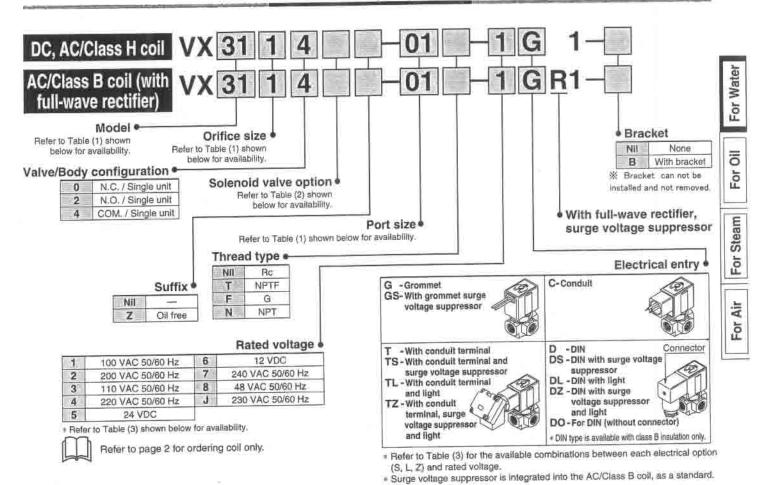


Table (1) Dort/Orifice Size

100	Solenoi	d valve	1 1 1 1	Orifice symbol (diameter)				
Model	VX31	VX32	VX33	(1.5 mmø)	2 (2.2 mmø)	3 (3 mmø)	4 (4 mmø)	
	01 (1/8)			0		0	=:	
Port no.	02 (1/4)		W- 1			0	2=:	
(Port size)		02 (1/4)	02 (1/4)	-		9	•	
100000		03 (3/8)	03 (3/8)	-		0		

Table (2) Solenoid Valve Option

	Seal ma	aterial	Body material/	Guide pin	Coll		
Option symbol	Main valve poppet	Fixed sealant	Shading coil material	material	insulation type	Note	
NII			Brass (C37)	PPS	В	=	
G	NBR	NBR	Stainless steel	17.0			
Е		EDDAA	Brass (C37)/Cu	Stainless	н	Heated water	
Р	EPDM	EPDM	Stainless steel/Ag	steel		1.100009.01.000	
н	FKM	FKM	Stainless steel	PPS	В	-	

Table (3) Rated Voltage - Electrical Option

-		0.924		Class B	
Н	ated volt	age	S	L	Z
AC/ DC	Voltage symbol	Voltage	With surge voltage suppressor	With	With light and surge voltage suppressor
100	1	100 V			
	2	200 V			
	3	110 V	Note 1)		Note 1
AC	4	220 V	(Note 1)		110.0
	7	240 V		-	
	8	48 V		-	
	J	230 V		-	
DC	5	24 V	•		
DC	6	12 V		_	-

Note 1) Option S, Z are not available as surge voltage suppresor is Integrated into the AC/Class B coil, as a standard.

72	W. V. T	Series	1	Class H	
H	ated volt	age	S	L	Z
AC/ DC	Voltage symbol	Voltage	With surge voltage suppressor	With	With light and surge voltage suppressor
	3	100 V	0		0
	2	200 V	9		0
	3	110 V			
AC	-4	220 V	0 0		
	7	240 V		4	
	8	48 V		-	
	J	230 V	0		_
DC	5	24 V	DC spe	ecification	on is not
DC.	6	12 V	availab	le.	

How to Order (Single Unit)

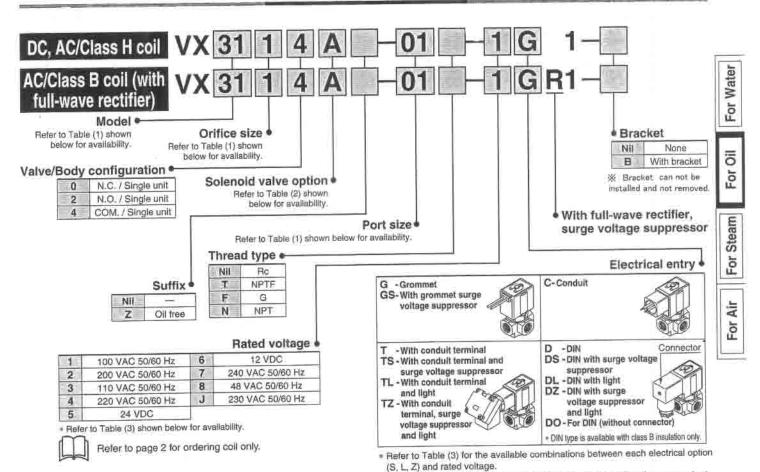


Table (1) Port/Orifice Size

	Solenoi	d valve		Orifice symbol (diameter)			
Model	VX31	VX32	VX33	1 (1.5 mmø)	2 (2.2 mmø)	3 (3 mmø)	(4 mmø)
	01 (1/8)						-
Port no.	02 (1/4)	1,2	-				=
(Port size)	- 1	02 (1/4)	02 (1/4)	-	•		
		03 (3/8)	03 (3/8)	-		0	

Table (2) Solenoid Valve Option

rengara.	Seal m	aterial	Body material/	Guide pin	Coil	
Option symbol	Main valve poppet	Fixed sealant	Shading coll material	material	Insulation type	
Α	100000		Brass (C37)	PPS	В	
Ĥ	10000	19449031	Stainless steel	50.5	90.1	
D	FKM	FKM	Brass (C37)/Cu	Stainless	н	
N	1		Stainless steel/Ag	steel	0.	

The additives contained in oil are different depending on the type and manufacturers, so the durability of the seal materials will vary. For details, please consult with SMC.

Table (3) Rated Voltage - Electrical Option

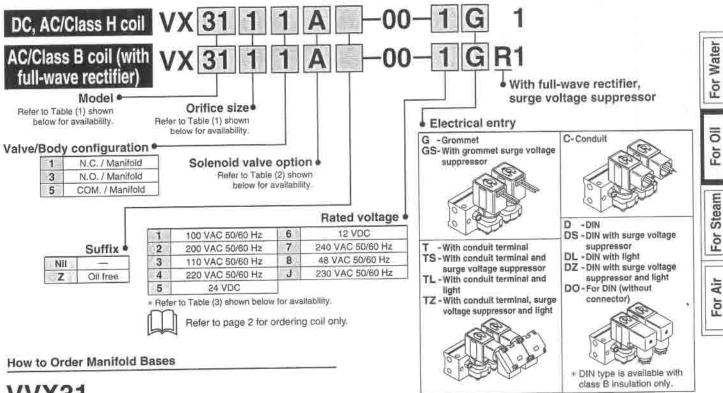
* Surge voltage suppressor is integrated into the AC/Class B coil, as a standard

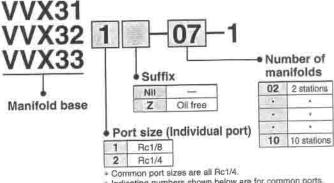
- 10	Total St.			Class B	
Н	ated vol	age	S	L	Z
AC/	Voltage symbol	Voltage	With surge voltage suppressor	With	With light and surge voltage suppressor
136	-4-	100 V		0	
	2	200 V	1	0	
	3	110 V	Note 1)		Note 1
AC	-4	220 V	Page 17	0	
	7	240 V			
	8	48 V		_	
	J	230 V		-	
D.C.	5	24 V	0		•
DC	6	12 V		-	-

Note 1) Option S, Z are not available as surge voltage suppresor is integrated into the AC/Class B coil, as a standard.

- 140	04 - 100 - N	5000		Class H	
H	ated volt	age	S	L	Z
AC/ DC	Voltage symbol	Voltage	With surge voltage suppressor	With	With light and surge voltage suppressor
	7	100 V	•		
	2	200 V	•		
	3	110 V	•		
AC	4	220 V			0
110	7	240 V		-	+-
	8	48 V	•	#5	
	J	230 V		-	+
00	5	24 V	DC specification		on is not
DC	6	12 V	availat	ile.	

How to Order (Solenoid Valve for Manifold)





Indicating numbers shown below are for common ports.

Type	SUP port	EXH port
N.C.	7	3
N.O.	3	1

· Blanking plate part no.

VVX31-4A-F For VX31: For VX32/33: VVX32-4A-F

Seal material: FKM

How to Order Manifold Assemblies (Example)

Enter the valve and blanking plate to be mounted under the manifold base part number. "#" is the symbol for mounting. VVX311-05-1 1 set Add an "#" in front of the part numbers # VX3111A-00-1GR1.. 4 sets for solenoid valves, etc. to be mounted. # VVX31-4A-F......1 set ---(S)-(D) [/300] Enter the product's part number in order, counting the 1st station from the left in the manifold arrangement,

* Refer to Table (3) for the available combinations between each electrical option (S, L, Z) and rated voltage

 Surge voltage suppressor is integrated into the AC/Class B coil, as a standard.

Table (1) Port/Orifice Size

5-211-5	0	Orifice symbol (diameter)							
Solenoid valve	1 (1.5 mmø)	2 (2.2 mmø)	3 (3 mmø)	4 (4 mme)					
VX31	•								
VX32	-								
VX33	-			0					

Table (2) Solenoid Valve Option

0.45	Seal ma	aterial	Body material/	Guide pin	Coil	
Option symbol	Main valve Fixed poppet sealant		Shading coil material	material	insulation type	
A			Brass (C37)	PPS	В	
D	FKM	FKM	Brass (C37)/Cu	Stainless	Н	

Aluminum is only available as a material for the manifold base.

The additives contained in oil are different depending on the type and manufacturers, so the durability of the seal materials will vary For details, please consult with SMC.

Table (3) Rated Voltage - Electrical Entry - Electrical Option

	V			Class B		Class H			
R	ated volt	age	S	L	Z	S	L	Z	
AC/ DC	Voltage symbol	Voltage	With surge voltage suppressor	With	With light and surge voltage suppressor	With surge voltage suppressor	With	With light and surge voltage suppressor	
	1	100 V		•		•			
	2	200 V			1				
	3	110 V	100000		Water				
AC	4	220 V	Note 1)		Note 1)		0	0	
	7	240 V	1 [=		•	-	-	
	8	48 V		_			-	_	
	J	230 V		-			-		
200	5	24 V				DC specification is r		n is not	
DC	6	12 V		-		availab	le.		

Note 1) Option S, Z are not available as surge voltage suppresor is integrated into the AC/Class B coil, as a standard.

viewing the individual

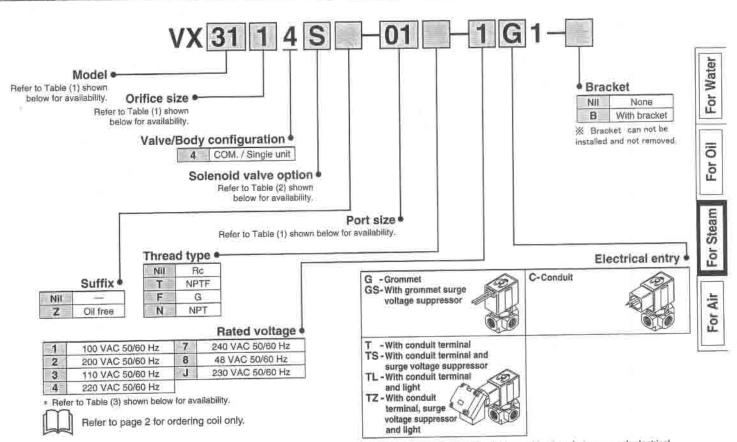
The common port on the

right side is plugged.

port in front.

0 0

How to Order (Single Unit)



 Refer to Table (3) for the available combinations between each electrical option (S, L, Z) and rated voltage.

Table (1) Port/Orifice Size

	Soleno	d valve		Orifice symbol (diameter)				
Model	VX31	VX32	VX33	1 (1.5 mmø)	2 (2.2 mmø)	3 (3 mmø)	4 (4 mmø)	
	01 (½8)				•		-	
Port no.	02 (1/4)			0	•	0	-	
(Port size)		02 (1/4)	02 (1/4)	-		0		
Missississis (M)		03 (3/8)	03 (3/8)	22		0	•	

Table (2) Solenoid Valve Option

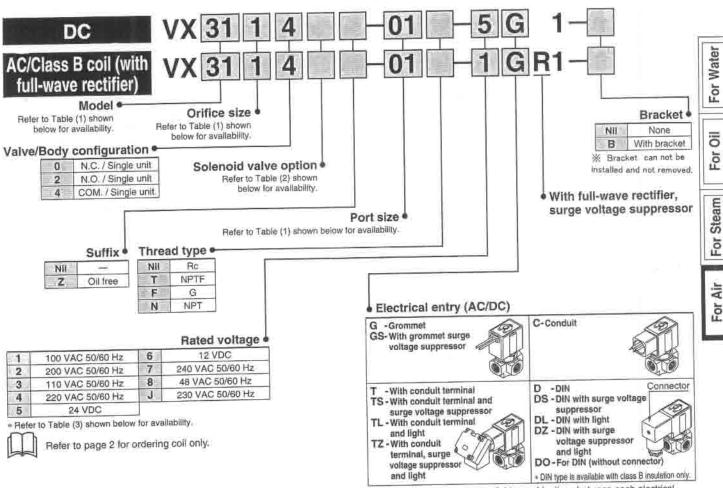
	Seal m	aterial	Body material/	Guide pin	Coil insulation type	
Option symbol	Main valve	Fixed sealant	Shading coll material	material		
S	* CONTRACTOR		Brass (C37)/Cu	Stainless	14	
Q	FFKM PTFE		Stainless steel/Ag	steel	""	

Solenoid coil: AC/Class H only

Table (3) Rated Voltage - Electrical Option

100		012056		Class H	
В	Rated voltage		S		Z
AC/	Voltage	Voltage	With surge voltage suppressor	With	With light and surge voltage suppressor
	1	100 V			
	2	200 V			
	3	110 V			
AC	4	220 V			
100	7	240 V	•	=	=
	8	48 V		-	-
	J	230 V		(8)	-
DO.	5	24 V	DC sp	ecification	on is not
DC	6	12 V	availat	ole.	

How to Order (Single Unit)



 Refer to Table (3) for the available combinations between each electrical option (S, L, Z) and rated voltage.

Surge voltage suppressor is integrated into the AC/Class B coil, as a standard.

Table (1) Port/Orifice Size

	Solenoi	d valve	700	0	rifice symb	ol (diamete	er)
Model	VX31	VX32	VX33	1 (1.5 mmø)	2 (2.2 mmø)	3 (3 mmø)	4 (4 mmø)
	01 (1/8)			0		0	1-3
Port no.	02 (1/4)			0			
(Port size)	7.7	02 (1/4)	02 (1/4)		0		
		03 (3/8)	03 (3/8)	-	6		

Table (2) Solenoid Valve Option

6.1	Seal material		Body material/	Guide pin	Coil	
Option symbol	Main valve poppel	Fixed sealant	Shading coil material	material	insulation type	Note Note)
Nil			Brass (C37)			-
G	NBR	NBR	Stainless		l I	
V			Brass (C37)	PPS	В	Non-leak (10 ⁻⁸ Pa-m ³ /sec),
M	FKM	FKM	Stainless			Medium vacuum (0.1 Pa.abs)

Note) The leakage amount (10 Pa·m³/sec) for the "V" and "M" option are values when the differential pressure is 0.1 MPa.

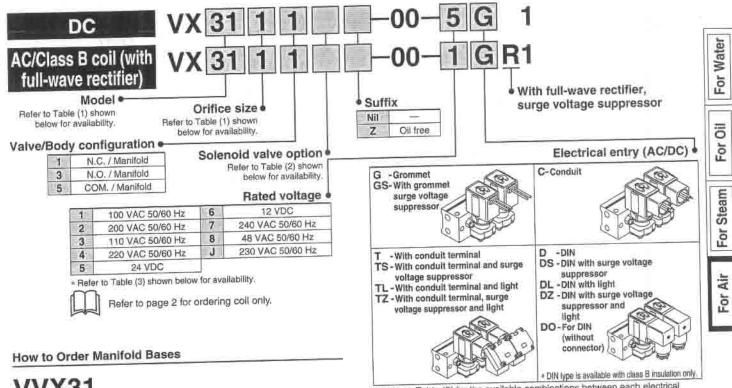
Table (3) Rated Voltage - Electrical Option

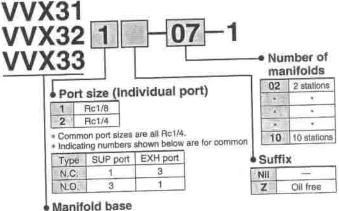
The state of	100-9			Class E	
Ha	ted vol	tage	S	L	Z
AC/ DC	Voltage symbol	Voltage	With surge voltage suppressor	With	With light and jumps voltage suppressor
	1	100 V			
	2	200 V		0	
	3	110 V	Note 1)		Note 1
AC	4	220 V	Mole 11	0	1 1900
	7	240 V		.575	
	8	48 V		***	
	J.	230 V		-	
50	5	24 V			
DC	- 6	12 V		-	- 77

Note 1) Option S, Z are not available as surge voltage suppresor is integrated into the AC/Class B coil, as a standard.

Class H coil is not available.

How to Order (Solenoid Valve for Manifold)





Blanking plate part no.

Example

VVX311-05-1

VVX31-4A-For VX31: For VX32/33: VVX32-4A-

Seal material NII NBR

FKM

0 0

How to Order Manifold Assemblies (Example)

Enter the valve and blanking plate to be mounted under the manifold base part number.

* VX3111-00-1GR1 ... 4 sets * VVX31-4A 1 set DE T---- D---- D-

..... I set

"*" is the symbol for mounting. Add an "*" in front of the part numbers for solenoid valves, etc. to be mounted.

> Enter the product's part number in order, counting the 1st station from the left in the manifold when arrangement, viewing the individual port in front.

The common port on the right side is plugged.

 Refer to Table (3) for the available combinations between each electrical option (S, L, Z) and rated voltage.

Surge voltage suppressor is integrated into the AC/Class B coil, as a standard.

Table (1) Port/Orifice Size

		Orifice symbo	ol (diameter)
Solenoid valve	(1.5 mme)	2 (2.2 mmø)	3 (3 mmø)	4 (4 mmø)
VX31	•			-
VX32	-	0		
VX33	-	0		

Table (2) Sciencid Valve Ontion

~	Seal ma	aterial	Body	Guide pin	Coll	WALK
Option symbol	Main valve poppet	Fixed sealant	material	material	insulation	Note Note)
NII	NBR	NBR				
٧	FKM	FKM	Brass (C37)	PPS	В	Non-leak (10 ⁻⁸ Pa·m³/ sec), Medium vacuum (0.1 Pa.abs)

Aluminum is only available as a material for the manifold base.

Note) The leakage amount (10*Pa·m³/sec) for the "V" and "M" option are values when the differential pressure is 0.1 MPa.

Table (3) Rated Voltage - Electrical Option

1250		N. S. C.	(Class E	3
Ra	ted vo	tage	S	L	Z
AC/	Voltage symbol	Voltage	With surge voltage suppressor	With	With light and surge voltage suppressor
	1	100 V			
	. 2	200 V			
	3	110 V	Note 11		Note 1)
AC	4	220 V	Magne 71		1,010 17
	7	240 V		-	
æ	8	48 V			1
	J	230 V			
100	- 5	24 V			0
DC	6	12 V		-	-

Class H coil is not available.

Note 1) Option S, Z are not available as surge voltage suppresor is integrated into the AC/Class B coil, as a standard.

For Vacuum Pad Series VXV31/32/33

 Vacuum circuit side is suited for a large orifice. Supply pressure side is suited for high pressure and a vacuum pad.

Construction and dimensions are the same as the VX3 series.

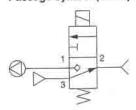
Model/Valve Specifications

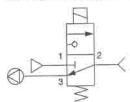
N.C.

N.O.

Passage symbol (example)

Passage symbol (example)







				Operating	pressure	E 17-5	F-10	Flow cha	racteristics			Max	Note)
	Orifice si	ze (mmø)			Pa)	Pa	assage: 1¢	>2	Pa	ssage: 2⇔	3	system	Weight
Port size	Port 1 side	Port 3 side	Model	Port 1 side	Port 3 side	C[dm ³ / (s-bar)]	b	Cv	C[dm ³ / (s-bar)]	ь	Cv	(MPa)	(g)
67	3	1.5	VXV3130-01		0 to 0.5	0.82	0.20	0.20	0.29	0.32	0.08		
1/8	1.5	3	VXV3132-01	0 to 0.5	%Low vacuum	0.29	0.32	0.08	0.82	0.20	0.20		380
(6A)	1000	1.5	VXV3130-02		0 to 0.5	0.82	0.20	0.20	0.29	0.32	0.08		000
	3	3	VXV3130-02	0 to 0.5	*Low vacuum	0.29	0.32	0.08	0.82	0.20	0.20		l
1/4	1.5	2.2	VXV3240-02	፠ Low	0 to 0.5	1.6	0.20	0.38	0.64	0.40	0.17		530 730
(8A)	4	2,2	VXV3340-02	vacuum	0 to 0.9	5575				aurordt.	VALUE OF	2.0	530
	2.2	4	VXV3242-02 VXV3342-02	0 to 0.5	★ Low vacuum	0.64	0.40	0.17	1.6	0.20	0.38		730
			VXV3240-03	% Low	0 to 0.5	10	0.20	0.38	0.64	0.40	0.17		530
3/8	4	2.2	VXV3340-03	vacuum	0 to 0.9	1.6	0.20	0,36	0.07	0.70		_	730
(10A)	2.2	NA.	VXV3242-03	0 to 0.5	፠ Low	0.64	0.40	0.17	1.6	0.20	0.38		530 730
	2.2	4	VXV3342-03	0 to 0.9	Vacuum								700

Note) Weight of grommet type. Add 10 g for conduit, 30 g for DIN terminal, and 60 g for terminal type respectively.

Also, add 60 g for VX31□□, 80 g for VX32□□ and VX33□□ respectively for bracket option.

Refer to "Glossary of Terms" on front matter 10, for details on the max. operating pressure differential and the max. system pressure.

※ Low vacuum ; To 1.3 × 10²Pa

Operating Fluid and Ambient Temperature

Power source	Operating fluid temperature (°C)	Ambient temperature (°C)
AC	-10 Note 1) to 60	-20 to 60
DC	-10 Note 1) to 60	-20 to 40

Note 1) Dew point temperature: -10°C or less

Tightness of Valve (Leakage Rate)

= = u vewys	Leakage rate Note)
Seal material	Air
NBR, FKM	1 cm³/min or less

Note) Value when air pressure is applied.

For Vacuum Pad/Manifold Series VVXV31/32/33

Construction and dimensions are the same as those of the VXX3 series.

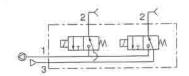
Model/Valve Specifications

N.C.

N.O.

Passage symbol (example)

Passage symbol (example)







Barren Bar			Operating	Operating pressure Flow characteristics							Max.
Orifice si	ze (mmø)	Model	British & R. (200) 200 200 200	Pa)	Pa	issage: 1¢	>2	Pa	ssage: 20	3	system
Port 1 side	Port 3 side	Model	Port 1 side	Port 3 side	C[dm ³ /(s-bar)]	ь	Cv	C[dm ³ /(s-bar)]	ь	Cv	pressure (MPa)
3	1.5	VXV3130-00		0 to 0.5	0.82	0.20	0.20	0.29	0.32	0.08	
1.5	3	VXV3132-00		%Low vacuum	0.29	0.32	0.08	0.82	0.20	0.20	
		VXV3240-00	₩ Low	0 to 0.5	1.6	0.20	0.38	0.64	0.40	0.17	2.0
4	2.2	VXV3340-00	vacuum	0 to 0.9	.110	0.20	0.00	0,0,7	2002	16001	
		VXV3242-00	0 to 0.5	* Low	0.64	0.40	0.17	1.6	0.20	0.38	
2.2	4	VXV3342-00	0 to 0.9	vacuum	0.04	.0.40	0.11	,,,,,	875-4	1/404/4/	

• Refer to "Glossary of Terms" on front matter 10 for details on the max. operating pressure differential and the max. system pressure.

X Low vacuum ; To 1.3 × 10²Pa

Operating Fluid and Ambient Temperature

Power source	Operating fluid temperature (°C)	Ambient temperature (°C)
AC	-10 Note 1) to 60	-20 to 60
DC	-10 Note 1) to 60	-20 to 40

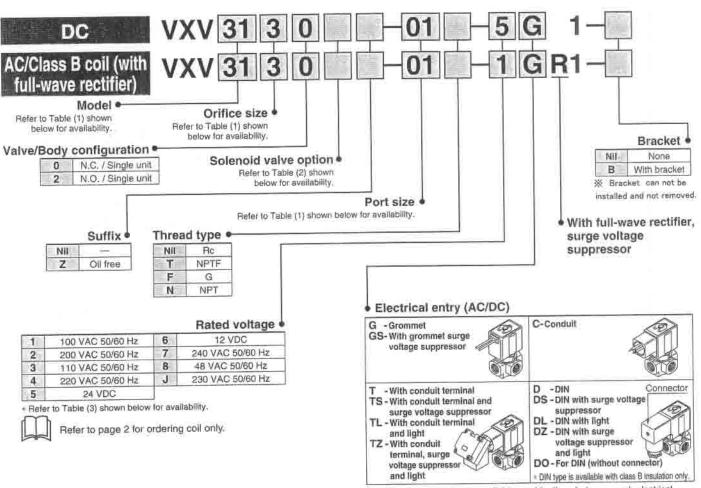
Note 1) Dew point temperature: -10°C or less

Tightness of Valve (Leakage Rate)

a several	Leakage rate Note)	
Seal material	Air	
NBR, FKM	1 cm³/min or less	

Note) Value when air pressure is applied.

How to Order (Single Unit)



 Refer to Table (3) for the available combinations between each electrical option (S, L, Z) and rated voltage.

* Surge voltage suppressor is integrated into the AC/Class B coil, as a standard.

Table (1) Port/Orifice Size

Solenoid valve				Orifice symbol (diameter) Note	
Model	VXV31	VXV32	VXV33	3 (1.5/3 mmø)	4 (2.2/4 mmø)
	01 (1/8)		E intels		-
Port no.	02 (1/4)	# +	AIT -S	•	-
(Port size)		02 (1/4)	02 (1/4)		0
COLUMN CO.		03 (3/8)	03 (3/8)	-	

Note) The orifice diameter shown above are for the supply pressure side/ vacuum side port.

Table (2) Solenoid Valve Option

B 1100	Seal ma	terial			Coil	
Option symbol	Main valve poppet	Fixed sealant	Body material	Guide pin material	insulation type	
Nil	NBR	NBR	Brass (C37)			
A	FKM	FKM	Brass (CO7)	PPS	В	
G	NBR	NBR	Stainless steel	11.59		
H	FKM	FKM	Stairtiess steet			

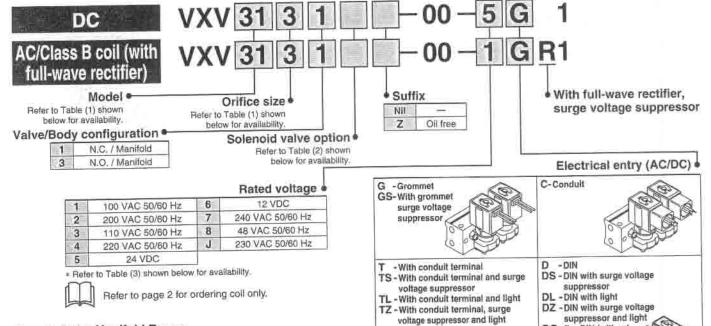
Table (3) Rated Voltage - Electrical Option

-	waren oo an	PARTY.		Class E	3
На	ted vol	tage	S	- L	Z
AC/ DC	Voltage symbol	Voltage	With surge voltage suppressor	With	With light and surge voltage suppressor
	1	100 V			
	2	200 V			
	3	110 V			Note 1)
AC	4	220 V	Note 1)		(NOIS))
	7	240 V			
	8	48 V		=:	
	J	230 V		-	
00	5	24 V			
DC	6	12 V	0	()—	-

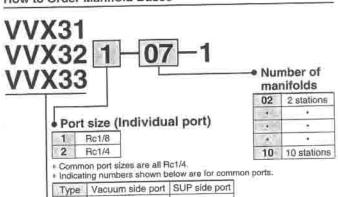
Note 1) Option S, Z are not available as surge voltage suppresor is integrated into the AC/Class B coil, as a standard.

Class H coil is not available.

How to Order (Solenoid Valve for Manifold)



How to Order Manifold Bases



N.O.	3	1
Manifold	base	

Blanking plate part no.

VVX31-4A-For VXV31:

For VXV32/33: VVX32-4A-

Seal material

NII	NBR
F	FKM

How to Order Manifold Assemblies (Example)

Enter the valve and blanking plate to be mounted under the manifold base part number.

Example

VVX311-05-1 1 set * VXV3131-00-1GR1.. 4 sets * VVX31-4A 1 set

"*" is the symbol for mounting. Add an "#" In front of the part numbers

for solenoid valves, etc. to be mounted.

(T)----(T)-(T) (Time 0 0

Enter the product's part number in order, counting the 1st station from the left in the manifold when arrangement, viewing the individual port in front.

The common port on the right side is plugged.

* Refer to Table (3) for the available combinations between each electrical option (S, L, Z) and rated voltage.

Surge voltage suppressor is integrated into the AC/Class B coll, as a standard.

DO-For DIN (without connector)

Insulation only.

DIN type is available with class B

Table (1) Port/Orifice Size

6 2 17	Orifice symbol (diameter) Note:		
Solenoid	3 (1.5/3 mmø)	4 (2.2/4 mmø)	
VXV31	0	===	
VXV32			
VXV33	-	0	

Note) The orifice diameter shows the supply pressure side/vacuum side.

Table (2) Solenold Valve Option

A-011	Seal m.	Seal material		Guide pin	Coll.	
Option symbol	Main valve poppet	Fixed	Body material	material	Insulation type	
Nil	NBR	NBR	Brass (C37)	PPS	В	
A	FKM	FKM	Diass (Odr)	1.1.90	19	

^{*} Aluminum is only available as a material for the manifold base.

Table (3) Rated Voltage - Electrical Option

-	L. Grand		(Class E	3	
Ha	Rated voltage		S	L	Z	
AC/ DC	Voltage symbol	Voltage	With surge voltage suppressor	With	With tight and surge voltage suppressor	
	1	100 V				
	2	200 V				
	3	110 V	**************************************	/ Note 1)		Note 1)
AC	4	220 V	14016.1)		Mode 1	
	7	240 V	9	-		
	8	48 V		-		
	J	230 V		=		
00	5	24 V	•			
DC	6	12 V	0	-		

Class H coil is not available.

Note 1) Option S, Z are not available as surge voltage suppresor is integrated into the AC/Class B coil, as a standard.

Applicable Fluid Check List

Single Unit Series VX31/32/33



Option	mat	eal erial	Body, Shading	Guide pin material	Coil insulation	Note
symbol	Main valve poppel	Fixed sealant	coil material	material	type	
Nil	NBR	NBR				
Α	FKM	FKM	Brass (C37)	PPS	В	
В	EPDM	EPDM	Diass (Cor)			
С	FFKM	PTFE	Overlaters			
D	FKM	FKM	Brass (C37)/ Cu	Stainless steel	Н	=
E	EPDM	EPDM		21821	Fil	
G	NBR	NBR				
H	FKM	FKM	Stainless	PPS		
J	EPDM	EPDM	steel		В	
K	FFKM	PTFE	0.5500	Stainless steel		Oil free
М	FKM	FKM		PPS		Non-leak, Oil free
N	FKM	FKM	30.00			
P	EPDM	EPDM	Stainless steel/Ag	Stainless	100	
Q	FFKM	PTFE	steeling	steel	Н	Steam
S	FFKM	PTFE	Brass (C37)/ Cu			(Max. 183°C)
V	FKM	FKM	Brass (C37)	PPS	В	Non-leak, Oil free

Fluid Name and Option (Single Unit)

		symbol material
Fluid (Application)	Brass (C37)	Stainless steel
Caustic soda (25% ≥)	-	J
Gas oil	Α	Н
Silicon oil	Α	Н
Steam system (Steam) (Max. 183°C)	S	Q
Steam system (Condensation) (Max. 99°C)	E	P
Vacuum system (for pad)	Standard	
Medium vacuum (up to 0.1 Pa.abs)	V	М
Perchloroethylene	Α	Н
Helium	V	M
Non-leak (10-6Pa-m3/s)	V	M
Heated water (Max. 99°C)	E	Р

Note 1) The leakage amount (10-4 Pa-m²/s) of "V", "M" options are values when differential pressure is 0.1 MPa. Note 2) If using for other fluids, contact SMC.

Manifold Series VVX31/32/33



All Options (Manifold)

Option		eal erial	Body, Shading	Guide pin material	Coil Insulation	Note
symbol	Main valve Fixed poppet sealant		coil material	material	type	
Nil	NBR	NBR				
A	FKM	FKM	Brass (C37)	PPS	В	
В	EPDM	EPDM				-
D	FKM	FKM	Brass (C37)/	Stainless	Н	
E	EPDM	EPDM	Cu	steel		
V	FKM	FKM	Brass (C37)	PPS	В	Non-leak, Oil free

Aluminum is only available with the material for a manifold base.

Fluid Name and Option (Manifold)

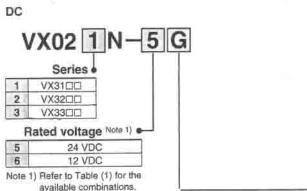
Fluid (Application)	Option symbol
Gas oil	A
Silicon oil	A
Vacuum system (for pad)	Standard
Medium vacuum (up to 0.1 Pa.abs)	٧
Perchloroethylene	Α
Helium	V
Non-leak (10 ⁻⁶ Pa m³/s)	V

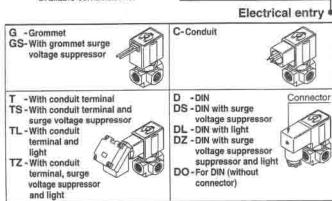
Note 1) The leakage amount (10-e Pa-m³/s) of "V" options are values when differential pressure is 0.1 MPa.

^{* &}quot;K", "M", "V" options are for non-lube treatment.

Note 2) If using for other fluids, contact SMC.

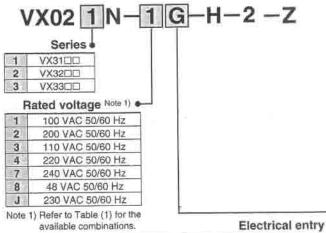
How to Order Solenoid Coil Assembly

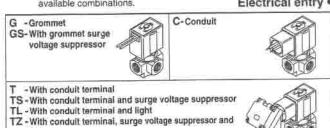




 Refer to Table (1) for the available combinations between each electrical option and rated voltage.

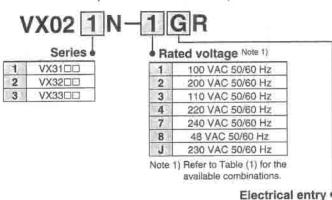


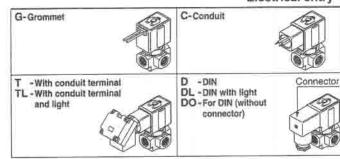




Refer to Table (1) for the available combinations between each electrical option and rated voltage.

AC/Class B coil (with full-wave rectifier)





- Refer to Table (1) for the available combinations between each electrical option and rated voltage.
- * Surge voltage suppressor is integrated into the AC/Class B coil, as a standard.

Table (1) Rated Voltage - Electrical Option

Rated voltage			Class B			Class H		
			S	L	Z	S	L	Z
AC/ DC	Voltage symbol	Voltage	With surge voltage suppressor	With light	With light and surge voltage suppressor	With surge voltage suppressor	With light	With light and surge voltage suppresso
AC	1	100 V	Note 1)	•	Not∈ 1)			
	2	200 V				•		
	3	110 V					0	
	4	220 V					0	
	7	240 V		-		•		
	8	48 V		-			==	=
	J	230 V		-				-
DC	5	24 V	0			DC specification is not		
	6	12 V		-	- 5	available.		

Note 1) Option S, Z are not available since a surge voltage suppresor is integrated into the AC/Class B coil, as a standard.

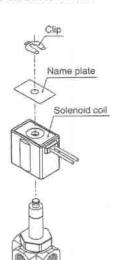
- When changing coils, AC/DC are not interchangeable with each other, and Class B and H coils are also not interchangeable with each other.
- · Name plate part no.

AZ-T-VX Valve model

† Enter by referring to "How to Order".

· Clip part no.

For VX31: VX021N-10 For VX32: VX022N-10 For VX33: VX023N-10



Troubleshooting

Follow procedures below in case of trouble during operation

