# Magnetically Coupled Rodless Cylinder

# CY1S Series

# ø6, ø10, ø15, ø20, ø25, ø32, ø40



# Overall length

Max. 3 mm shortened

RoHS

240 mm (Current model 255 mm) (CY1S 40-100 stroke)

**Reduced in length** 

# Adjustment bolt improves stroke accuracy/repeatability.

Stroke position can be maintained with the adjustment bolt positioned next to the shock absorber, so stroke adjustment is not necessary.



CY3B CY3R CY1S CY1L CY1L CY1H CY1F CYP

<b>D-</b> □
-X□
Technical Data

Internal surface lube-retainers

# **Reduced in weight**

Weight is reduced with the redesign of the slide block and reducing the thickness of the plate.

			(K <u></u> )
Bore size (mm)	CY1S	Reduction rate	Current model
6	0.34	8%	0.37
10	0.59	13%	0.68
15	0.96	15%	1.13
20	1.68	13%	1.93
25	2.02	10%	2.25
32	3.45	12%	3.94
40	5.36	14%	6.23

\* At 100 stroke

Y1S20-300Z-Mg STATE N LAPAN OS

# **Reduced in length**

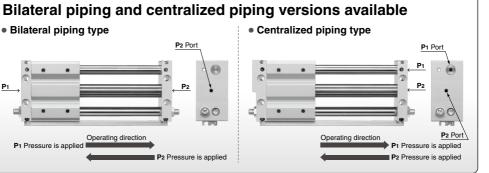
Overall length is reduced, but interchangeable with the current model. (mm)

Plate

					(1111)
Bore size	Bilateral piping type		-		Current model
(mm)	Overall length	Length reduction	Overall length	Length reduction	Overall length
6	162	6	166	2	168
10	172	8	176	4	180
15	187	10	192	5	197
20	206	9	211	4	215
25	206	9	211	4	215
32	228	10	234	4	238
40	240	15	246	9	255
At 100 stroko	2.40		2-10	3	

At 100 stroke





**SMC** 

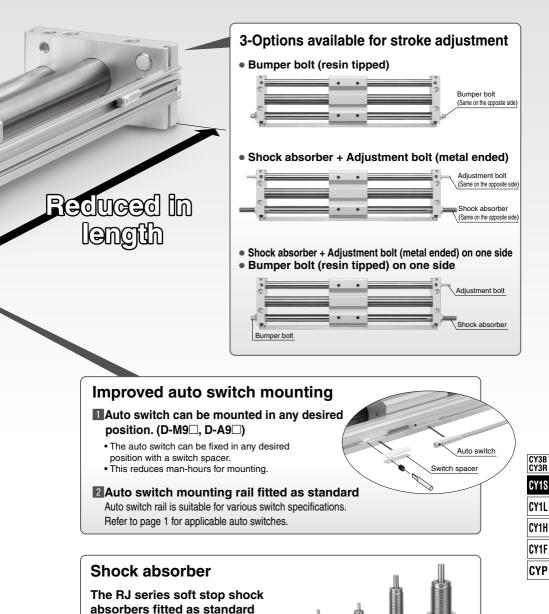
Slide block

1486

P1 Pressure is applied

P1

# Magnetically Coupled Rodless Cylinder



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Technical Data

M6

M8

M10

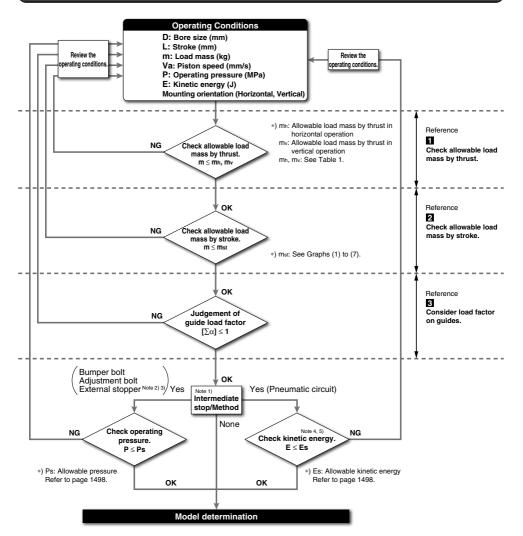
(For ø6) (For ø10, ø15) (For ø20) (For ø25) (For ø32, ø40)

M14

M20

# CY1S Series Model Selection

### Selection Flow Chart



Note 1) Stroke adjustment with either a bumper bolt or adjustment bolt is considered as an intermediate stop.

Note 2) When an intermediate stop is performed with an external stopper, consider the dynamic load as shown below.

- Bumper bolt:  $\delta = 4/100$
- Shock absorber and air cushion:  $\delta = 1/100$
- In addition to this, check the judgement results of the guide load factor. (b: Bumper coefficient)
- Note 3) When an external stopper is used in conjunction with a shock absorber, check the model selection of shock absorber separately. Note 4) This cylinder cannot perform an intermediate stop with the pneumatic circuit in vertical operation.

The intermediate stop is only performed with a bumper bolt, adjustment bolt or external stopper.

Note 5) When an intermediate stop is performed with the pneumatic circuit, the stopping accuracy may vary significantly.

If accuracy is required, be sure to perform the intermediate stop with a bumper bolt, adjustment bolt or external stopper.



## 1 Check allowable load mass by thrust.

In this series, the work load and the maximum operating pressure are restricted to prevent the magnetic coupling from being separated. Ensure that the work load mass and operating pressure are within the values in Table 1.

ruble in Allowable load made by thrubt and maximum operating precoure					
Bore size (mm)	Horizontal operation m <sub>h</sub> [kg]	Horizontal operation Max. operating pressure Ph [MPa] Note)	Vertical operation m <sub>v</sub> [kg]	Vertical operation Max. operating pressure Pv [MPa]	
6	1.8		1.0	0.55	
10	3.0		2.7	0.55	
15	7.0		7.0		
20	12	0.70	11		
25	20		18.5	0.65	
32	30		30		
40	50		47		

### Table 1. Allowable load mass by thrust and maximum operating pressure

Note) Without stroke adjustment

When stroke adjustment is performed with bumper bolt, adjustment bolt, or intermediate stop is performed with an external stopper, the maximum operating pressure should be as shown in the page 1498.

### 2 Check allowable load mass by stroke.

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In this series, guide shafts are assembled to support the load.

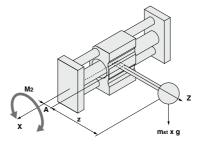
Deflection of the guide shaft increases due to work load mass and rolling moment ( $M_2$ ), so the work load mass and stroke is restricted. Check that the load mass is within the allowable load mass by stroke:  $m_{st}$  from Graphs (1) to (7) for each bore size.

#### [Horizontal mounting and Ceiling mounting]

The allowable load mass by stroke range varies depending on the y direction of the loads center of gravity.

### [Wall mounting]

The allowable load mass by stroke range varies depending on the z direction of the loads center of gravity.



[Vertical mounting]

Load mass is not restricted by stroke.

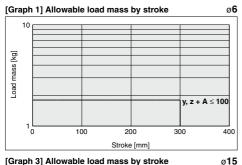
A: Distance between the center of the guide shaft and the upper surface of the slide block

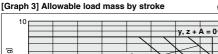
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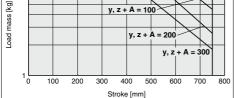


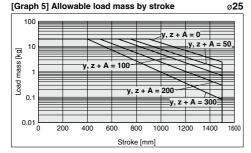
## 2 Check allowable load mass by stroke

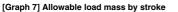
### Selection Graph

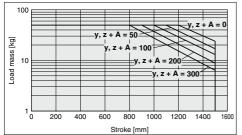


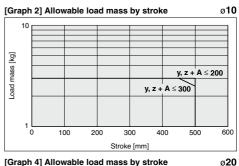




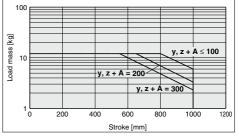






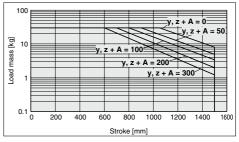


[Graph 4] Allowable load mass by stroke



[Graph 6] Allowable load mass by stroke

ø**32** 

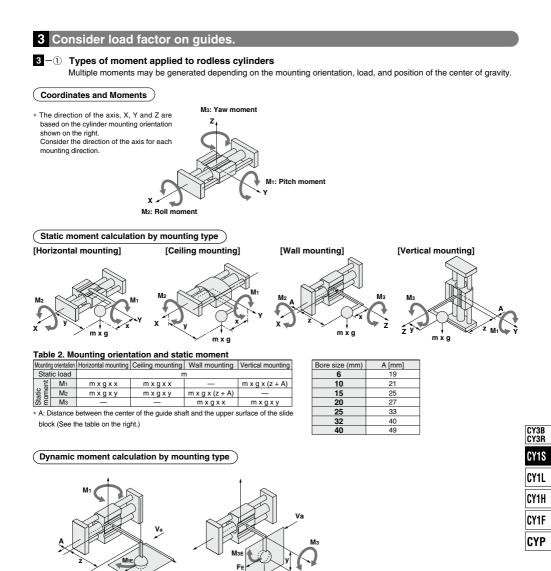


\* If load center of gravity exceeds the value of y, z + A on the graph, please consult SMC.



ø40

## Model Selection CY1S Series



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Regardless of the mounting orientation, dynamic moment is calculated with the formulas above.

1/3 x FE x (z + A)

Dynamic moment does not occur.

1/3 x FF x v

Bumper bolt:  $\delta = 4/100$ 

Shock absorber:  $\delta = 1/100$ 

FE

δx1.4xVaxmxg

Dynamic load

EF

Мзе

Dynamic M1E

noment M<sub>2E</sub> mxg

Table 3. Mounting orientation and dynamic moment

Mounting orientation Horizontal mounting Ceiling mounting Wall mounting Vertical mounting

m x a

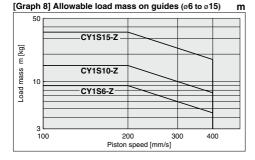
## 3 Consider load factor on guides.

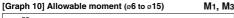
### 3 - ② Allowable load mass on guides/Allowable moment

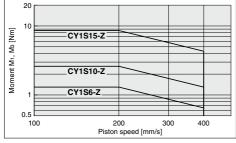
#### Table 4. Allowable load mass on guides and moment

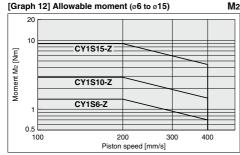
Bore size	Allowable load mass on guides	Allowable moment [N·m]		
(mm)	m [kg]	M1	M2	Мз
6	9	1.3	1.4	1.3
10	15	2.6	2.9	2.6
15	35	8.6	8.9	8.6
20	60	17	18	17
25	104	30	35	30
32	195	67	82	67
40	244	96	124	96

The table above indicates the maximum performance of the guide, but does not show the actual allowable work load mass. Refer to Graphs (8) to (13) for correct allowable mass by piston speed.

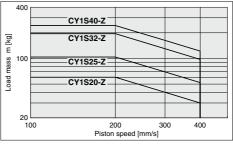




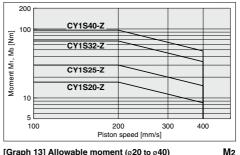




[Graph 9] Allowable load mass on guides (ø20 to ø40) m

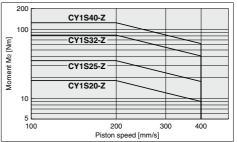


[Graph 11] Allowable moment (ø20 to ø40) M1, M3



[Graph 13] Allowable moment (ø20 to ø40)

**SMC** 



### 3 - 3 Consideration of guide load factor

Work load mass and allowable moment varies depending on the load mounting method, stroke, cylinder mounting orientation and piston speed.

Whether the cylinder is suitable or not is decided by the allowable load mass on guides in the graphs.

### The selection calculation is shown below.

It is necessary to consider i) allowable load mass on guides, ii) static moment and iii) dynamic moment (when the slide block collides with the stopper).

\* i) · ii) is calculated with Va (average speed) and iii) is calculated with V (collision speed V = 1.4Va). Calculate m<sub>max</sub> of i) from the allowable load mass on guides in Graphs (8) and (9), and calculate Mmax of ii) and iii) from the allowable moment (M1, M2, M3) in Graphs (10), (11), (12) and (13).

Sum of guide $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty}$	Load mass (m)	Static moment (M) Note 1)	Dynamic moment (ME) Note 2)
load factors 20	Allowable load mass on guides (mmax)	Allowable static moment (Mmax)	Allowable dynamic moment (MEmax)

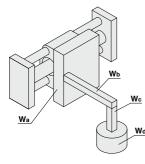
Note 1) Moment caused by the load etc., with cylinder in resting condition

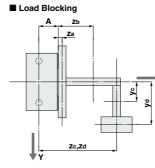
Note 2) Moment caused by the load equivalent to impact at the stroke end (at the time of impact with stopper)

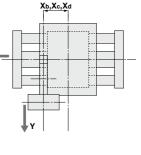
Note 3) Several moments might be generated depending on the cylinder mounting orientation or the load center of gravity, so the sum of the allowable load mass on guides, allowable static moment and allowable dynamic moment will be the sum of all these guide load factors.

### Calculation method to determine the center of gravity when several loads are mounted on the cylinder

When several loads are mounted on the cylinder, it is difficult to calculate the center of gravity. As shown in the figure below, the center of gravity of the load is calculated from the total load mass and of center of gravity for all the loads.







## CY3B CY3R CY1S CY1L CY1H CY1F CYP

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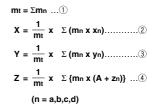
Data

### Mass and center of gravity of the load

Masa	Center of gravity		
mn	X-axis Xn	Y-axis yn	Z-axis Zn
ma	Xa	Уa	Za
mь	Xb	Уb	Zb
mc	Xc	Уc	Zc
md	Xd	yd	Zd
	ma mb mc	Mass mn X-axis Xn ma Xa mb Xb mc Xc	Mass mn         X-axis xn         Y-axis yn           ma         Xa         ya           mb         Xb         yb           mc         Xc         yc

Calculation for Overall Center of Gravity

7



Refer to the following sections 1 to 4 to calculate the center of gravity and the total load. Refer to page 1494 for detailed selection procedure.



## **Calculation of Guide Load Factor**

The selection calculation finds the load factors (an) of the items below, where the total does not exceed 1.

Item	Load factor an	Note
1: Maximum load mass	$\alpha_1 = m/m_{max}$	Examine m. mmax is the max. load mass for Va.
2: Static moment	Ω₂ = M/Mmax	Examine M1, M2, M3. Mmax is the allowable moment for Va.
3: Dynamic moment	Ω3 = ME/MEmax	Examine M1E, M3E. Memax is the allowable moment for V.

## Calculation example 1 Mounting on horizontal wall

#### [1] Operating Conditions CY1SG25-600 Wa: Connection plate t = 10 (1.5 kg) Cylinder: CY1SG25-600 Cushion: Shock absorber Mounting: Horizontal wall mounting Speed: Va = 250 [mm/s] Wc: Rod L = 50 (0.5 kg) Wd: Workpiece (2.5 kg) [2] Load Blocking Wb: Arm L = 105 (1.0 kg) A = 33 50 5 Φ 0 22 Mass and center of gravity of the load Center of gravity 1 Load no Mass X-axis Y-axis Z-axis Wn mn Xn ٧n Zn Wa 1.5 kg 0 mm 0 mm 5 mm 1.0 kg 50 mm Wb 0 mm 0 mm 105 Wc 0.5 kg 0 mm 25 mm 105 mm Wd 2.5 kg 0 mm 50 mm 105 mm [3] Calculation for Overall Center of Gravity n = a,b,c,d $mt = \Sigma mn$ = 1.5 + 1.0 + 0.5 + 2.5 = 5.5 kg X = 0 mm(The center of gravity in the x direction of all work pieces is 0, so X = 0 mm.) $Y = \frac{1}{m_{t}} x \Sigma (m_{n} x y_{n})$ $= \frac{1}{5.5} \times (1.5 \times 0 + 1.0 \times 0 + 0.5 \times 25 + 2.5 \times 50)$ = 25 mm $Z = \frac{1}{mt} x \Sigma \{mn x (A + zn)\}$ $= \frac{1}{5.5} \times \{1.5 \times (33 + 5) + 1.0 \times (33 + 50) + 0.5 \times (33 + 105) + 2.5 \times (33 + 105)\}$

= 100 mm

Item	Result	Note
(1) Check allowable load mass by thrust.	Work load is 5.5 kg < 20 kg. OK	Check allowable load by thrust. The bore size is $\wp25$ , so the allowable load by thrust will be 20 kg.
(2) Allowable load by stroke	Work load is 5.5 kg < 20 kg. OK	The load is restricted to 20 kg when the stroke is 600 mm and Z = 100 mm taken from Graph (5) $\boxed{1}$ (Refer to page 1495).

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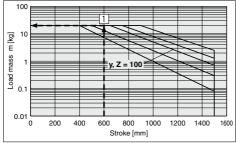
## Model Selection CY1S Series

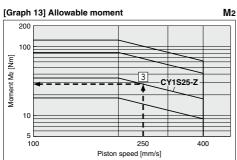
### [5] Judgement of Guide Load Factor

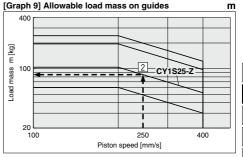
Item	Load factor an	Note						
Load mass	0(1 = m/mmax = 5.5/83.2 = 0.07	Examine m. Find the value of mmax when Va = 250 mm/s from Graph (9) $\boxed{2}$ .						
Static moment		Examine M2. M1, M3 values do not apply to this example. Refer to [3] Calculation for Overall Center of Gravity in the Z-axis on front matter 7. Find the value M2max when Va = 250 mm/s from Graph (13) $\boxed{3}$ .						
B Dynamic moment	$ \begin{array}{l} FE = 1.4 \times Va \ x \ m \ x \ g \ x \ \delta \\ = 1.4 \ x \ 250 \ x \ 5.5 \ x \ 9.8 \ x \ 1/100 \\ = 188.7 \ [N] \\ MiE = 1/3 \ x \ 188.7 \ x \ 100/1000 \\ = 6.3 \ [N-m] \\ \mathcal{O}_{3A} = MiE/Mimax \\ = 6.3/17.1 \\ = 0.37 \\ \hline \\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	Calculate for the impact load. Since the impact is absorbed by shock absorber, the bumper coefficient $\delta = 1/100$ Examine M1E. Calculate the collision speed V. V = 1.4 x Va V = 1.4 x 250 V = 350 mm/s Find the value M1Emax when Va = 350 mm/s from Graph (11) 4. Examine Mse. Refer to [3] Calculation for Overall Center of Gravity in the Y-axis on front matter 7. From the results above, Find the value M3Emax when Va = 350 mm/s from Graph (11) 5.						
Judgement	$\Sigma \alpha_n = \alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_{3A} + \alpha_{3B}$ = 0.07 + 0.19 + 0.37 + 0.09 = 0.72	$\Sigma \alpha_n = 0.72 \le 1, \text{ so the cylinder can be used.}$						

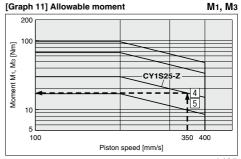
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### [Graph 5] Allowable load mass by stroke









## CY3B CY3R CY1S CY1L CY1H CY1F CYP

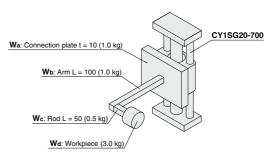


## **Calculation of Guide Load Factor**

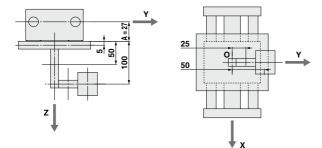
## Calculation example 2 Vertical mounting

### [1] Operating Conditions

Cylinder: CY1SG20-700 Cushion: Shock absorber Mounting: Vertical mounting Speed: Va = 200 [mm/s]



### [2] Load Blocking



### Mass and center of gravity of the load

Load no.	Mass	Center of gravity						
Wn	mn			Z-axis Zn				
Wa	1.0 kg	0 mm	0 mm	5 mm				
Wb	1.0 kg	0 mm	0 mm	50 mm				
Wc	0.5 kg	0 mm	25 mm	100 mm				
Wd	3.0 kg	0 mm	50 mm	100 mm				

n = a, b, c, d

### [3] Calculation for Overall Center of Gravity

$$mt = 2 mn$$

$$= 1.0 + 1.0 + 0.5 + 3.0$$

$$= 5.5 kg$$

$$X = 0 mm$$
(The center of gravity in the x direction of all work pieces is 0, so X = 0 mm.)  

$$Y = \frac{1}{mt} x \Sigma (mn x yn)$$

$$= \frac{1}{5.5} x (1.0 x 0 + 1.0 x 0 + 0.5 x 25 + 3.0 x 50)$$

$$= 30 mm$$

$$Z = \frac{1}{mt} x \Sigma \{mn x (A + zn)\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{5.5} x \{1.0 x (27 + 5) + 1.0 x (27 + 50) + 0.5 x (27 + 100) + 3.0 x (27 + 100)\}$$

$$= 101 mm$$

### [4] Check the allowable load.

Item	Result	Note					
(1) Check allowable load mass by thrust.	Work load is 5.5 kg < 11 kg. OK	Check the allowable load for vertical mounting. The bore size is ø20, so the maximum load for vertical mounting will be 11 kg.					
(2) Allowable load by stroke	No restriction	The cylinder is mounted in the vertical direction, and the load generates no rolling moment, so there is not restriction.					

**SMC** 

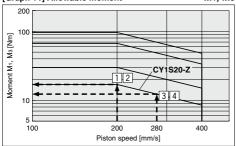
Model Selection CY1S Series

[5] Judgement of Guide Load Factor

Item	Load factor an	Note
1 Load mass	C(1 = 0	In case of vertical mounting, no static load is applied.
2 Static moment		Examine M1. Refer to [3] Calculation for Overall Center of Gravity in the Z-axis on front matter 7. Find the value of M1max when Va = 200 mm/s from Graph (11) 1.
Ma m x g		Examine M3. Refer to [3] Calculation for Overall Center of Gravity in the Y-axis on front matter 7. Find the value of $M_{2max}$ when Va = 200 mm/s from Graph (11) 2. M2 value does not apply to this example.
Dynamic moment	$ \begin{split} FE &= 1.4 \times Va \times m \times g \times \delta \\ &= 1.4 \times 200 \times 5.5 \times 9.8 \times 1/100 \\ &= 150.9 \ [N] \\ M1E &= 1/3 \times FE \times Z \\ &= 1/3 \times 150.9 \times 101/1000 \\ &= 5.1 \ [N-m] \\ CM3A &= M1E/M1max \\ &= 5.1/12.1 \\ &= 0.42 \end{split} $	Calculate the impact load. Since the impact is absorbed by shock absorber, the bumper coefficient $\delta = 1/100$ Examine M1E. Calculate the collision speed V. V = 1.4 x Va V = 1.4 x 200 V = 280 mm/s Find the value of M1Emax when Va = 280 mm/s from Graph (11) 3.
Va Ma Y Mae + m x g Fe		Examine Mae. From the results above, Find the value of M3Emax when Va = 280 mm/s from Graph (11) $4$ .
2 Judgement	$ \begin{split} \Sigma \alpha_n &= \alpha_1 + \alpha_{2A} + \alpha_{2B} + \alpha_{3A} + \alpha_{3B} \\ &= 0 + 0.32 + 0.10 + 0.42 + 0.12 \\ &= 0.96 \end{split} $	$\Sigma \alpha_n = 0.96 \leq 1,  \text{so the cylinder can be used}.$

### [Graph 11] Allowable moment





Load factors on the guides can be calculated with the SMC Pneumatic CAD system.



CY3B CY3R CY1S CY1L

CY1H

CY1F

CYP



### **Caution on Design**

### **Vertical Operation**

When operating a load vertically, it should be operated within the allowable load mass and allowable pressure as shown in the table below.

Operating the cylinder above the specified values may lead to the load dropping. If accurate stopping position is required, consider using a metal-ended external stopper.

Bore size (mm)	Allowable load mass (mv) (kg)	Allowable pressure (Pv) (MPa)
6	1.0	0.55
10	2.7	0.55
15	7.0	
20	11.0	
25	18.5	0.65
32	30.0	
40	47.0	

Note1) Use caution, as operating the cylinder above the allowable pressure may lead to the magnetic coupling separating and allowing the load to fall.

- Note 2) The allowable load mass above indicates the allowable load mass in the vertical operation. The actual load mass must be determined by referring to the model selection flow chart on front matter 1.
- Note 3) As a guide, the load mass should be approximately 60% of the thrust load factor.

### Intermediate Stop

## 1. When an intermediate stop is performed with an external stopper etc.

When stopping a load in mid-stroke using an external stopper, adjustment bolt or bumper bolt, operate within operating pressure limits shown in the table below. Use caution, as operating the cylinder above these pressures may lead to the breaking of the magnetic coupling.

(The piston speed should be the allowable value or less.)

Bore size (mm)	Allowable pressure for the intermediate stop with an external stopper (Ps) (MPa)				
6	0.55				
10	0.55				
15					
20					
25	0.65				
32					
40					

Note 1) Exceeding the allowable pressure will lead to the breaking of the magnetic coupling and cause the piston slider and external slider becoming separated.

# 2. When an intermediate stop is performed with the pneumatic circuit.

When an intermediate stop is performed with the pneumatic circuit with 3-position solenoid valve, the kinetic energy should be as stated or less than the values in the table below.

(The piston speed should be the allowable value or less.)

Bore size (mm)	Allowable kinetic energy for the intermediate stop with the pneumatic circuit (Es) (J)
6	0.007
10	0.03
15	0.13
20	0.24
25	0.45
32	0.88
40	1.53

Note 1) Exceeding the allowable kinetic energy will lead to the breaking of the magnetic coupling and cause the piston slider and external slider becoming separated.

Note 2) Fine stroke adjustment for the external slider is also considered as an intermediate stop, so pay attention to the operating pressure.

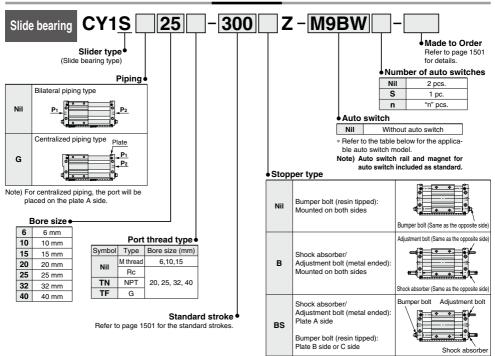
CY3B CY3R
UTan
CY1S
CY1L
UTIL
CY1H
CY1F
CYP





# Magnetically Coupled Rodless Cylinder Slider Type: Slide Bearing **CY1S** Series ø6, ø10, ø15, ø20, ø25, ø32, ø40 RoHS

How to Order



Applicable Auto Switches/Refer to pages 1	575 to 1701 for further information on auto switches.
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		Electrical	or light	Wiring	L	oad volta	ge	Auto swi	itch model	Lead	wire I	engtł	ו (m)	Pre-wired												
Туре	Special function	entry	Indicator	(Output)	C	C	AC	Perpendicular	In-line	0.5 (Nil)		3	5	connector	Applical	ole load										
÷				3-wire (NPN)		5 V. 12 V		M9NV	M9N	•	٠	•	0	0	IC circuit											
switch				3-wire (PNP)		5 V, 12 V		M9PV	M9P	•	٠	٠	0	0	IC CIICUIL											
sv				2-wire		12 V		M9BV	M9B	•	٠	٠	0	0												
auto	Disgractic indication			3-wire (NPN)												, 5 V, 12 V		M9NWV	M9NW	•	٠	٠	0	0	IC circuit	Delau
	Diagnostic indication (2-color indicator)	Grommet	Yes	3-wire (PNP)	24 V	24 V 0 V, 12 V	4 V   <sup>3 V, 12 V</sup> -	M9PWV	M9PW	•	٠	٠	0	0		Relay, PLC										
state				2-wire	1 15 V 12 V			12 V		M9BWV	M9BW	•	٠	٠	0	0		FLO								
	Water resistant			3-wire (NPN)				E V 10 V	V	M9NAV*1	M9NA*1	0	0	٠	0	0	IC circuit									
Solid	(2-color indicator)			3-wire (PNP)			5 V, 12 V	5 V, 12 V		M9PAV*1	M9PA*1	0	0	٠	0	0	IC CIICUII									
	(2-color indicator)			2-wire		12 V		M9BAV*1	M9BA*1	0	0	٠	0	0												
Reed auto switch		Grommet	Yes	3-wire (NPN equivalent)	_	5 V	—	A96V	A96	•	_	•	_	-	IC circuit	—										
ē S		Grommet		2-wire	24 V	12 V	100 V	A93V*2	A93	•	٠	٠	٠	_		Relay,										
aut			No	2-wire	24 V	12 V	100 V or less	A90V	A90	•	—	٠	—	-	IC circuit	PLC										

\*1 Water resistant type auto switches can be mounted on the above models, but in such case SMC cannot guarantee water resistance.

Please consult with SMC regarding water resistant types with the above model numbers.

\*2 1 m type lead wire is only applicable to D-A93. \* Lead wire length symbols: 0.5 m ...... Nil (Example) M9NW

# Solid state auto switches marked with "O" are produced upon receipt of order.

- 1 m ...... M (Example) M9NWM
- 3 m ..... L (Example) M9NWL 5 m ..... Z (Example) M9NWZ

\* There are other applicable auto switches other than listed above. For details, refer to page 1506.

\* For details about auto switches with pre-wired connector, refer to pages 1648 and 1649.

\* Auto switches are shipped together, (but not assembled).





## Symbol

(Magnet type)





Made to Order: Individual Specifications (For details, refer to pages 1507 and 1508.)

_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Symbol	Specifications
-X116	Air-hydro
-X168	Helical insert thread
-X210	Non-lubricated exterior (without dust seal)
-X322	Outside of cylinder tube with hard chrome plated
-X324	Non-lubricated exterior (with dust seal)
-X431	Switch rails on both sides (with 2 pcs.)
-X2423	Mounting surface tapped hole type

### Made to Order

Click here for details

Symbol	Specifications			
-XB9	Low speed (15 to 50 mm/s)			
-XB13	Ultra low speed (7 to 50 mm/s)			

### Specifications

Bore size (mm)	6 10 15 20 25 32 40								
Fluid	Air								
Proof pressure	1.05 MPa								
Maximum operating pressure	0.7 MPa								
Minimum operating pressure	0.18 MPa								
Ambient and fluid temperature	-10 to 60°C (No freezing)								
Piston speed*			50	to 400 mi	n/s				
Cushion		R	ubber bur	nper/Sho	ck absorb	er			
Lubrication	Non-lube								
Stroke length tolerance (mm)	0 to 250 st: <sup>+1.0</sup> / <sub>0</sub> , 251 to 1000 st: <sup>+1.4</sup> / <sub>0</sub> , 1001st or longer: <sup>+1.8</sup> / <sub>0</sub>					; <sup>+1.8</sup>			
Magnetic holding force (N)	19.6	53.9	137	231	363	588	922		

\* In the case of setting an auto switch at the intermediate position, the maximum piston speed is subject to restrict for detection upon the response time of a load (relays, sequence controller, etc.).

### Standard Strokes

Bore size (mm)	Standard stroke (mm)	Maximum manufacturable stroke (mm)
6	50, 100, 150, 200	300
10	50, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300	500
15	50, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300, 350, 400, 450, 500	750
20		1000
25	100, 150, 200, 250, 300, 350, 400, 450, 500, 600, 700, 800	1500
32		1500
40	100, 150, 200, 250, 300, 350, 400, 450, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900, 1000	1500

Note 1) Intermediate stroke is available in 1 mm increments. (Produced upon receipt of order) Note 2) Minimum stroke available without auto switch or with one auto switch is 15 mm and minimum 25 mm for with 2 auto switches.

Note 3) For 2 or more auto switches with stroke less than 25 mm (minimum 15 mm), consider "-X431" (2 switch rails).

## Weights

								(kg)
Bore size (mm)		6	10	15	20	25	32	40
CY1S	Basic weight	0.231	0.428	0.743	1.317	1.641	2.870	4.508
	Additional weight for 50 stroke	0.053	0.082	0.111	0.184	0.186	0.284	0.430
CY1SG□	Basic weight	0.236	0.435	0.743	1.331	1.662	2.903	4.534
	Additional weight for 50 stroke	0.050	0.079	0.108	0.176	0.178	0.273	0.411
<u></u>								

Calculation: (Example) CY1SG25-500Z

Basic weight (At 0 stroke) ... 1.662 kg Additional weight for 50 stroke ... 0.178 kg Cylinder stroke ... 500 st

1.662 + 0.178 x 500 ÷ 50 = 3.442 kg

### **Shock Absorber Specifications**

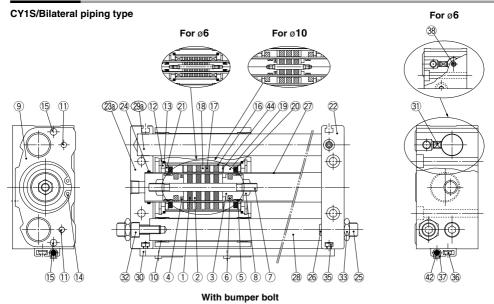
Applicable cylinder	CY1S⊡6	CY1S□10	CY1S⊡15	CY1S⊡20	CY1S⊡25	CY1S⊟32	CY1S⊟40
Shock absorber model	RJ0604	RJ0806H	RJ0806L	RJ1007L	RJ1412L	RJ2015H	RJ2015L
Max. absorbed energy (J)	0.5	1		3	10	30	
Stroke absorption (mm)	4	6	6	7	12 1		5
Collision speed (m/s)	0.05 to 1	0.05 to 2	0.05 to 1	0.05 to 1	0.05 to 1	0.05 to 2	0.05 to 1
Max. operating frequency (cycle/min)	80	8	0	70	45	2	5
Max. allowable thrust (N)	150	245		422	814	19	61
Ambient temperature (°C)			-10 to 6	50°C (No f	reezing)		

Note) The maximum absorbed energy and maximum operating frequency was measured at ordinary temperature (approximately 20 to 25°C.)

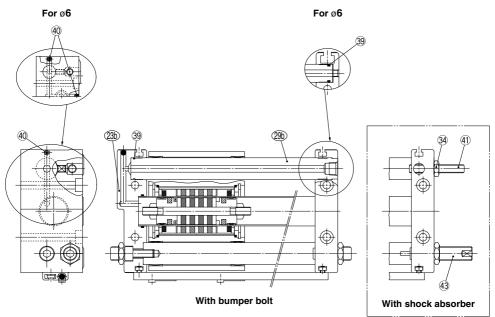
CY3B CY3R CY1S CY1L CY1H CY1F CYP



### Construction



CY1SG/Centralized piping type





### **Component Parts**

No.	Description	Material	Note
1	Magnet A	_	
2	Piston side yoke	Rolled steel	
3	Piston	Aluminum alloy	
4*	Piston seal	NBR	
5*	Wear ring A	Special resin	
6*	Lube-retainer A	Special resin	Except ø6, ø10
7	Shaft	Stainless steel	
8	Piston nut	Carbon steel	Except ø6 to ø15
9	Slide block	Aluminum alloy	
10	Bushing	Bearing alloy	
11	Parallel pin	Carbon steel	
12	Slider spacer	Rolled steel	
13*	Slider gasket	NBR	
14	Retaining ring	Carbon tool steel	
15	Magnet for switch	—	
16	External slider tube	Aluminum alloy	
17	Magnet B	—	
18	External slider side yoke	Rolled steel	
19*	Wear ring B	Special resin	
20*	Lube-retainer B	Special resin	Except ø6
21	Spacer	Rolled steel	Except ø6
22	Plate A	Aluminum alloy	
23a	Plate C	Aluminum alloy	Bilateral piping
23b	Plate B	Aluminum alloy	Centralized piping

### Seal Kit

Bore size	Seal kit				
(mm)	Kit no.	Contents			
6	CY1S6-Z-PS	Set of the nos. 4, 5, 13, 19, 24, 39			
10	CY1S10-Z-PS	Set of the nos. 4, 13, 19, 20, 24, 39			
15	CY1S15-Z-PS				
20	CY1S20-Z-PS	Set of the nos.			
25	CY1S25-Z-PS	4, 5, 6, 13, 19,			
32	CY1S32-Z-PS	20, 24, 39			
40	CY1S40-Z-PS	]			
Note 1) Cool Id	ineludes 4 5 10 10 04 00	for aC 4 10 10 00 04 00			

Note 1) Seal kit includes 4, 5, 13, 19, 24, 39 for ø6. 4, 13, 19, 20, 24, 39 for ø10. 4, 5, 6, 13, 19, 20, 24, 39 are for ø15 to ø40. Order the seal kit, based on each bore size.

Note 2) Seal kit includes a grease pack (10 g).

Order with the following part number when only the grease pack is needed. Grease pack part number: GR-S-010

Replacem	ent Parts						CYP
Bore size	Bumper bo	It assembly	Adjustment b	olt assembly	Switch	spacer	
(mm)	Kit no.	Contents	Kit no.	Contents	Kit no.	Contents	
6	CYS06-37-AJ024-R		CYS06-37AAJ024-R				-
10	CYS10-37-AJ025-R		CYS10-37AAJ025-R				
15	C1510-37-AJ025-H		01510-3/AAJ025-H	0.1.7.1			
20	CYS20-37-AJ027-R	Set of the nos. 25, 26, 33	CYS20-37AAJ027-R	Set of the nos. 34, 41	BMY3-016	Set of the nos.	
25	CYS25-37-AJ028-R	20, 20, 00	01320-3/AAJ027-h	01, 11			D-🗆
32	CVC00.07 A 1000 D		CVC00 074 A 1000 D				
40	01332-37-AJ029-R		01332-3/AAJ029-R				_ <b> -x</b> □
	CYS32-37-AJ029-R		CYS32-37AAJ029-R				- <b>-X</b> □

Note 3) A switch spacer, as specified in the table above will be required if an auto switch is mounted afterward. When ordering an additional auto switch, also order an additional switch spacer.

(Refer to "Auto Switch Mounting" on page 1506 for details.)

24*     Cylinder tube gasket     NBR       25     Bumper bolt     Chromium molyddenum steel       26     Bumper     Urethane rubber       27     Cylinder tube     Stainless steel       28     Guide shaft B     Carbon steel       29a     Guide shaft C     Carbon steel       29b     Guide shaft A     Carbon steel       30     Switch rail     Aluminum alloy       31     Hexagon socket head set screw     Chromium molyddenum steel       32     Hexagon nut     Chromium molyddenum steel       34     Hexagon nut     Chromium molyddenum steel       35     Square nut     Chromium molyddenum steel	
26         Bumper         Urerthane rubber           27         Cylinder tube         Stainless steel           28         Guide shaft B         Carbon steel           29a         Guide shaft C         Carbon steel           29b         Guide shaft A         Carbon steel           29b         Guide shaft A         Carbon steel           30         Switch rail         Aluminum alloy           31         Hexagon socket head set screw         Chromium molybdenum steel           32         Hexagon nut         Chromium molybdenum steel	
27         Cylinder tube         Stainless steel           28         Guide shaft B         Carbon steel         Hard chrome pla           29a         Guide shaft C         Carbon steel         Hard chrome pla           29b         Guide shaft A         Carbon steel         Hard chrome pla           30         Switch rail         Aluminum alloy         31           31         Hexagon socket head set screw         Chromium molydenum steel         32           33         Hexagon nut         Chromium molydenum steel         33           34         Hexagon nut         Chromium molydenum steel         34	
28         Guide shaft B         Carbon steel         Hard chrome pla           29a         Guide shaft C         Carbon steel         Hard chrome pla           29b         Guide shaft A         Carbon steel         Hard chrome pla           30         Switch rail         Alurninum alloy         I           31         Hexagon socket head set screw         Chromium molydenum steel         3           32         Hexagon socket head cap screw         Chromium molydenum steel         3           33         Hexagon nut         Chromium molydenum steel         3	
29a         Guide shaft C         Carbon steel         Hard chrome pic           29b         Guide shaft A         Carbon steel         Hard chrome pic           30         Switch rail         Alurninum alloy         I           31         Hexagon socket head set screw         Chromium molyddenum steel         I           32         Hexagon socket head cap screw         Chromium molyddenum steel         I           33         Hexagon nut         Chromium molyddenum steel         I	
29b         Guide shaft A         Carbon steel         Hard chrome plant           30         Switch rail         Aluminum alloy         Aluminum alloy           31         Hexagon socket head set screw         Chromium molydenum steel         Aluminum alloy           32         Hexagon socket head cap screw         Chromium molydenum steel         Aluminum steel           33         Hexagon nut         Chromium molydenum steel         Aluminum steel	ted
30         Switch rail         Aluminum alloy           31         Hexagon socket head set screw         Chromium molybdenum steel           32         Hexagon socket head cap screw         Chromium molybdenum steel           33         Hexagon nut         Chromium molybdenum steel           34         Hexagon nut         Chromium molybdenum steel	ted
31         Hexagon socket head set screw         Chromium molybdenum steel           32         Hexagon socket head cap screw         Chromium molybdenum steel           33         Hexagon nut         Chromium molybdenum steel           34         Hexagon nut         Chromium molybdenum steel	ted
32         Hexagon socket head cap screw         Chromium molybdenum steel           33         Hexagon nut         Chromium molybdenum steel           34         Hexagon nut         Chromium molybdenum steel	
33         Hexagon nut         Chromium molybdenum steel           34         Hexagon nut         Chromium molybdenum steel	
34 Hexagon nut Chromium molybdenum steel	
35 Square put Chromium molybdenum steel	
on onionian noisean area	
36 Cross-recessed head machine screw with SW Chromium molybdenum steel	
37 Switch spacer Special resin	
38 Port plug Chromium molybdenum steel ø6, Bilateral piping	only
39* Guide shaft gasket NBR Centralized pip	ing
40 Steel ball Bearing steel Centralized pip	ing
41 Adjustment bolt Chromium molybdenum steel	
42 Auto switch —	
43 Shock absorber —	
44 Liner Aluminum alloy	

Note 1) \* denotes parts that are included in the seal kit.

Note 2) Auto switch and switch spacer are shipped together with the product, but not assembled.



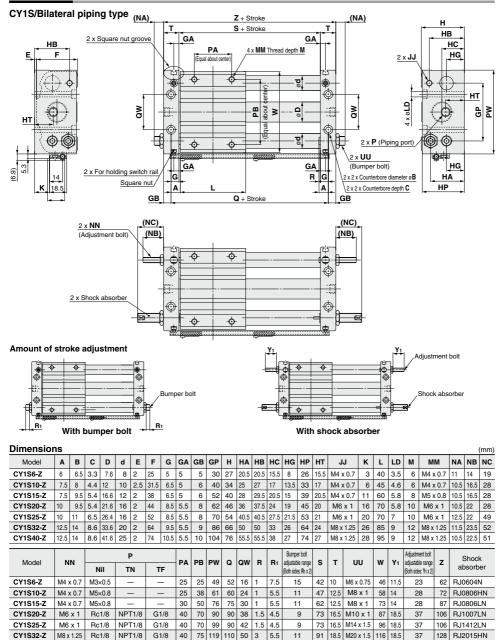
CY3B CY3R CY1S

CY1L

CY1H

CY1F

### Dimensions



64 2 Note) The above figures show the product with auto switches. Auto switch and switch spacer are shipped together with the product, but not assembled. **SMC** 

4.5 9 99 20.5 M20 x 1.5

139 17.5 35 140 RJ2015LN

CY1S40-Z

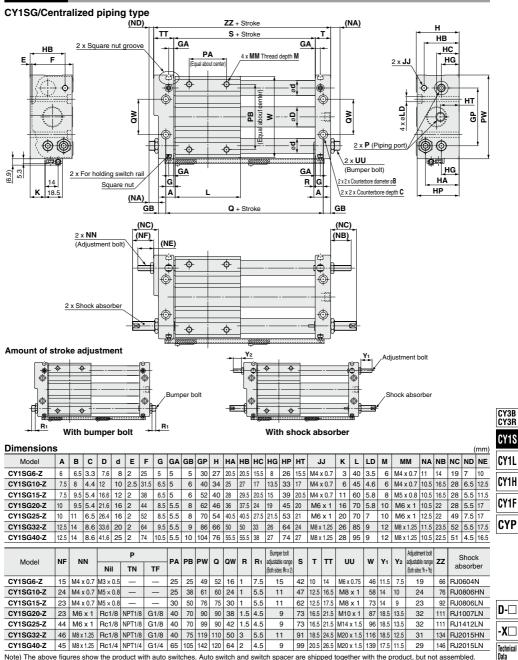
M8 x 1.25

Rc1/4

NPT1/4

G1/4 65 105 142 120

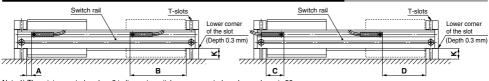
### Dimensions



**⊘**SMC

# CY1S Series **Auto Switch Mounting**

### Auto Switch Proper Mounting Position (Detection at stroke end)



Note 1) The minimum stroke when 2 in-line auto switches are mounted as shown above is 50 mm. The minimum stroke when the mounting screws of the auto switches face each other is 25 mm. Note 2) The minimum stroke when no auto switch is mounted is 15 mm.

Auto Switch P	Auto Switch Proper Mounting Position (mm													
Auto switch		4	4	E	3		>		)					
model Bore size	K dimension (Switch rail height)	D-M9 D-M9 V D-M9 WV D-M9 WV D-M9 A D-M9 AV	D-A9□ D-A9□V	D-M9 D-M9 V D-M9 WV D-M9 WV D-M9 A D-M9 AV	D-A9□ D-A9□V	D-M9 D-M9 V D-M9 WV D-M9 WV D-M9 A D-M9 AV	D-A9□ D-A9□V	D-M9 D-M9 V D-M9 WV D-M9 WV D-M9 A D-M9 AV	D-A9□ D-A9□V					
6	3	5.5	1.5	36.5	40.5	17.5	21.5	24.5	20.5					
10	6	5.5	1.5	41.5	45.5	17.5	21.5	29.5	25.5					
15	11	5.5	1.5	56.5	60.5	17.5	21.5	44.5	40.5					
20	16	6	2	67	71	18	22	55	51					
25	20	6	2	67	71	18	22	55	51					
32	26	7.5	3.5	83.5	87.5	19.5	23.5	71.5	67.5					
40	28	6.5	2.5	92.5	96.5	18.5	22.5	80.5	76.5					

Note 1) The values in the above list are used as a guide for the auto switch mounting position for end of stroke detection.

Adjust the auto switch after confirming the operating conditions in the actual setting.

Note 2) If the switch rail is reassembled or mounted on the other side of the cylinder, maintain the K dimension (switch rail height: lower corner of the slot) in the table above.

@SMC

The switch rail is secured by screwing the cross-recessed round head screw into a square nut in the T-slots of the end plates. Care must be taken when removing the switch rail so that the screws or nuts are not lost.

## Operating Range

Auto switch			Bor	e size (r	nm)		
model	6	10	15	20	25	32	40
D-M9 D-M9 V D-M9 WV D-M9 WV D-M9 A D-M9 AV	3	3	2.5	2.5	3	2.5	3
D-A9 D-A9 V	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	6

Note) Values which include hysteresis are for guideline purposes only, they are not a guarantee (assuming approximately ±30% dispersion) and may change substantially depending on the ambient environment.

## Auto Switch Mounting

As shown in the figure to the right, combine the auto switch with the switch spacer (BMY3-016) to secure the auto switch in the mounting groove of the switch rail. Combine the auto switch with the switch spacer and secure into position by tightening the auto switch mounting screw with a flat blade watchmakers' screwdriver.

Note) When tightening the auto switch mounting screw, use watchmakers' screwdriver with a handle diameter of 5 to 6 mm. Set the tightening torque to 0.1 to 0.15 N·m.

## Auto Switch Mounting Bracket (Switch spacer)

Auto switch model	Bore size (mm) 6 to 40	
D-M9 D-M9 D-M9 W D-M9 WV D-M9 A D-M9 D-A9 U D-A9 V	BMY3-016	

Note) The part number above is the order number for the switch spacer.



CY1S Series Made to Order: Individual Specifications Please contact SMC for detailed dimensions, specifications and lead times.



Made-to-Order List

Bore size	Air-hydro	Helical insert thread	Non-lubricated exterior (without dust seal)	Outside of cylinder tube with hard chrome plated		Auto switch rails on both sides	Mounting surface tapped hole type
(mm)	-X116	-X168	-X210	-X322	-X324	-X431	-X2423
6			•			•	•
10			•		•	•	•
15			•	•	•	•	•
20		•	•	•	•	•	•
25	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
32	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
40	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

Note) • indicates "applicable" and blank indicates "not applicable".



Symbol

Air-hydro type is suitable for precise low speed feeding, intermediate stop and skip feeding.

Standard model no. - X116

Air-hydro

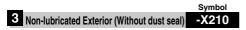
#### Specifications

Bore size (mm)	25	32	40	
Orifice diameter (mm)	8	8	11	
Fluid	Turbine oil class 1 (ISO VG32)			
Piston speed (mm/s)	15 to 300			
Dimensions	The same dimensions as the bilateral piping type			

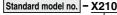
Note 1) This product is only applicable to the bilateral piping type.

Note 2) When an intermediate stop is performed in the air-hydro circuit, the kinetic energy of the load should be the allowable value or less. (Refer to "When an intermediate stop is performed with the pneumatic circuit" for the allowable values.)

Note 3) Do not use machine oil or spindle oil.



Suitable for environments where oil is not tolerated. It is recommended to use this type in a special environment where standard product causes lubrication failure.

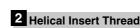


 Non-lubricated exterior (without dust seal)

#### Dimensions: Same as standard type

Note) Consider installing a protective cover if the product is used in an environment where foreign matter such as paper powder might be caught in the sliding parts of the cylinder.

Special bearing





Change mounting thread on the external slider to helical insert thread.

Standard model no. - X168

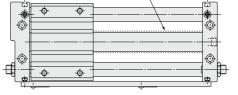
Helical insert thread

Dimensions: Same as standard type

	Symbol	CY3B CY3R
• Outside of Cylinder Tube with Hard Chrome Plated	-X322	CY1S
The cylinder tube outer circumference is plated with hard chrome, which further reduces bearing abrasion. \\		CY1L
Standard model no X322		CY1H
• Outside of cylinder tube with hard chrome plated		
en en e platea		

Dimensions: Same as standard type

Outside of cylinder tube with hard chrome plated



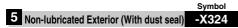
1507

CYP

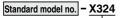
D-

-X□

Technical Data



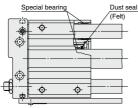
No grease is applied to the external surface of the cylinder. Suitable for environments where oil is not tolerated. A felt dust seal is mounted to the external sliding part of the cylinder tube.



Non-lubricated exterior (with dust seal)

### Dimensions: Same as standard type

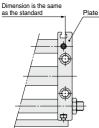
Note) Although a felt dust seal is installed, foreign matter might be caught in the sliding parts of the cylinder. In that instance, consider installing a protective cover.

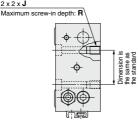


## 7 Mounting Surface Tapped Hole Type

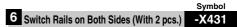
The through hole mounting holes on both plates are tapped to allow the cylinders to also be mounted from the equipment side (cylinder mounted surface).

 $2 \times 2 \times J$ 

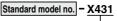




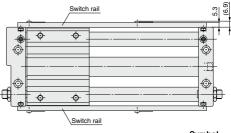
Bore size (mm)	J (Thread size)	R (Maximum screw-in depth)		
6	M4 x 0.7	6.5		
10	M5 x 0.8	9.5		
15	M6 x 1	9.5		
20	M6 x 1	9.5		
25	M8 x 1.25	10		
32	M10 x 1.5	15		
40	M10 x 1.5	15		



Applicable for short stroke with auto switch.



Switch rails on both sides (with 2 pcs.)



Symbol -X2423



## CY1S Series Specific Product Precautions 1

Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to back page 50 for Safety Instructions and pages 3 to 12 for Actuator and Auto Switch Precautions.

### **Operating Precautions**

## **A** Warning

1. Be careful to the space between the plates and the slide block.

Take sufficient care to avoid getting your hands or fingers caught when the cylinder is operated.

- 2. Do not apply a load to a cylinder which is greater than the allowable value stated in the "Model Selection" pages. This can cause a malfunction.
- 3. Be careful to the supply pressure and kinetic energy when performing an intermediate stop.

Fine end stroke adjustment is considered as an intermediate stop, so the considerations for an intermediate stop must be observed when making any fine adjustments.

## When stopping the external slider in an intermediate position with an external stopper.

If the allowable pressure values are exceeded, the stopper position might be displaced or the external slider may become detached from the magnetic coupling and drop.



When stopping the piston slider in an intermediate position with the pneumatic circuit. If the allowable kinetic energy values are exceeded, the stopper position might be displaced or the external slider may become detached from the magnetic coupling and drop.

## **≜**Caution

 Do not use the cylinder in an environment where the cylinder is expose to moisture, adhesive foreign matter, dust or liquid such as water or cutting fluid.

If the cylinder is used in an environment where the lubrication of the cylinders sliding parts is compromised, please consult SMC.

### Mounting

## **≜**Caution

1. Avoid operation with the external slider secured to the surface.

Secure the cylinder with the plates on both sides.

2. Make sure that the cylinder mounting surface has a flatness of 0.2 mm or less.

If the flatness of the mounting surface is not appropriate, the 2 guide shafts will become twisted and have an adverse effect to the performance of the product. This results in reduction of product life due to the increase in sliding resistance and premature wearing of the bushing.

The flatness of the cylinder mounting surface should be 0.2 mm or less, and the product should be mounted so that it can operate smoothly over the full stroke with the minimum operating pressure (0.18 MPa or less). Disassembly and Maintenance

## ▲Warning

## 1. Use caution as the attractive power of the magnets is very strong.

When removing the external slider and piston slider from the cylinder tube for maintenance etc., handle with caution, since the magnets installed in each slider have a very strong attractive force.

## ▲Caution

1. Use caution when taking off the external slider, as the piston slider will be directly attracted to it.

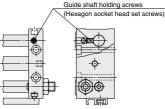
When removing the external slider or piston slider from the cylinder tube, first force the sliders out of their magnetically coupled positions, and then remove them individually when there is no longer any holding force. If they are removed while still magnetically coupled, they will be directly attracted to one another and will not come apart.

2. Do not disassemble the magnetic components (piston slider, external slider).

This can cause a loss of holding force and malfunction.

- When disassembling to replace the seals and wear ring, refer to the separate disassembly instructions.
- The set screws in the figure below are for securing the guide shaft, so do not loosen them except for the purposes of replacing the seals.

This can cause a malfunction.



# 5. Use caution to the direction of the external slider and the piston slider.

There are an odd number of magnets for  $\sigma 6$  and  $\sigma 10$  ( $\sigma 6$ : 5 pcs,  $\sigma 10$ : 3 pcs), so the assembly direction is important. Refer to the figure below when performing disassembly or maintenance. Put the external slider and the internal slider together and insert the piston slider into the cylinder tube ensuring the positional relationship is correct as shown in Fig.1.

If assembled incorrectly as shown in Fig. 2, remove and rotate the piston slider by 180°, then re-insert in the correct position. If the direction is not correct, it will be impossible to obtain the specified holding force.





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Technical Data

Fig. 1 Correct position

@SMC

Fig. 2 Incorrect position



## **CY1S** Series Specific Product Precautions 2

Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to back page 50 for Safety Instructions and pages 3 to 12 for Actuator and Auto Switch Precautions.

Stroke Setting

# **∆**Caution

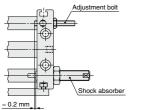
### With bumper bolt

Loosen the hexagon nut, and move the bumper bolt to the set stroke position with a hexagon wrench or by hand. Tighten the hexagon nut to the torque values shown in the table below.

### With shock absorber

The cylinder stroke is controlled by the position of the adjustment bolt. Parallel pins of smaller size to the rod diameter of the shock absorber are mounted on the slide block, and these pins collide with the adjustment bolt and shock absorber. Therefore, the stopper of the shock absorber should not come into contact with the slide block directly. (See the figure below.)

It is possible to adjust the stroke time of the shock absorber by adjusting the position of the shock absorber and adjustment bolt. However, if the effective stroke of the shock absorber is extremely short, the ability to absorb the impact will be reduced, leading to failure. Therefore, the position of the shock absorber is recommended to be approximately 0.2 mm behind the contact surface of the adjustment bolt (See figure below).



	Nut for bumper bolt		Nut for shock absorber		Nut for adjustment bolt	
Bore size (mm)	Thread size	Tightening torque (N∙m)	Thread size	Tightening torque (N⋅m)	Thread size	Tightening torque (N·m)
6	M6 x 0.75	5.2	M6 x 0.75	0.85		
10	M8 x 1	12.5 N	M8 x 1	1.67	M4 x 0.7	1.5
15		12.0		1.07		
20	M10 x 1	24.5	M10 x 1	3.14	M6 x 1	5.2
25	M14 x 1.5	68.0	M14 x 1.5	10.80	INO X I	5.2
32	M20 x 1.5	204.0	M20 x 1.5	23.50	M8 x 1.25	12.5
40		204.0	WI20 X 1.5	23.50		

Caution when Replacing Shock Absorber

## Caution

For the cylinder specification of shock absorber with adjustment bolt, the stroke will be maintained even when the shock absorber is replaced. However, if the position of the adjustment bolt is also changed, it will be necessary to reset the stroke position of the cylinder and shock absorber.

Service Life and Replacement Period of Shock Absorber

## ▲Caution

- 1. If the shock absorbing ability of the shock absorber is insufficient at the end of stroke, the cylinder, equipment or workpiece maybe damaged.
- 2. Perform maintenance for the shock absorber (RJ series) setting approximately 3 million operating cycles as a guide.
  - Note 1) The performance may vary depending on the operating conditions of the shock absorber.
  - Note 2) As a guide, the maintenance check for the shock absorber (RJ series) should be carried out after approximately 3 million operating cycles, and replace if necessary.
- 3. Refer to the RJ series catalog for Specific Product Precautions of the shock absorber.