



OPERATION MANUAL

	PILOT OPERATED 4-WAY SOLENOID VALVES SERIES VFS3000
	BODY PORTED TYPE
_	

SMC CORPORATION

The contract of the contract o

CORI) No			
SYM	PL	CHANGE	DATE	BY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
1.	SPECIFICATIONS 1)Standard Specifications
2.	MODEL IDENTIFICATION
3.	INSTALLATION OF LEADS WIRE 3
4.	INDICATOR LIGHT & SURGE SUPPRESSOR 3
5.	CHANGE OF DIN TERMINAL / CABLE OUTLET 3
6.	INSTALLATION4
7.	PIPING 4
8.	ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS5
9.	LUBRICANTS 5
0.	MAINTENANCE 5
. 1 .	TROUBLE AND REMEDY 1)LOCATION THE SOURCE OF TROUBLE

The state of the s

1. SPECIFICATIONS

1) Standard - Specifications

MEDIA		Air, innert gases				
Max.operating pressur	re	9.9 {990}				
kgf/cmf {kpa}			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Min.operating pressur kgf/cm² {kpa}	е	1.0 {100}				
Proof pressure						
kgf/cm² {kpa}		15 {1500}				
Ambient and operating	J	(Note 1)	-10 + 0 + 60	7		
fluid temperature,°C			10 00 70			
Lubrication		(Note 2)	Unnecessa	ary		
Protection		Dust-proof				
Pilot valve		Man lagle much terms (Tiles - 1- terms)				
manual operation		Non-lock push type(Flush type)				
Rated voltage of coil		100VAC, 200V	JAC,50/60H	Iz 24VDC		
Allowable voltage		-15 to +10 (at rated voltage)				
fluctuation,%						
Classification of coil						
insulation		class B or equivalent (130°C)				
		Inrush	50Hz	5.6		
Apparent power, VA	AC	1111 US11	60Hz	5.0		
(Power consumption, W)		Holding	50Hz	3.4(2.1)		
		11014119	60Hz	2.3(1.5)		
	DC		1.8			

Note 1) In low temperature applications, use dry air.

2) When supplying oil, use turbine oil Class 1 (ISO VG32 or equivalent).

2) Model specifications

Valve Functions	2-posi single	tion sol.	2-pos double	ition e sol.	3-posit closed		3-posit exhaust		3-posit	ion e center
Model	VFS3	1 ² ₃ 0	VFS:	32 <mark>3</mark> 0	VFS3	7	VFS3	2	VFS3	2
Port size	Rc1/4	Rc3/8	Rc1/4	Rc3/8	Rc1/4	Rc3/8	Rc1/4	Rc3/8	Rc1/4	Rc3/8
	34.2	i		36.0	32.4 (1.8)	36.0	32.4	36.0	32.4	36.0
Note 1) Max.Operating Frequency, CPM.	120		150		60		60		(1.8)	(2.0)
Note 2) Response Time, ms.	20	max	15	max	40	max	40	max	40	max
Note 3) Weight, kgf	0.	33	0.	43	0.	45	0.	45	0.	45

Note 1) Conforming to J1S B8375-1981. (once a month)

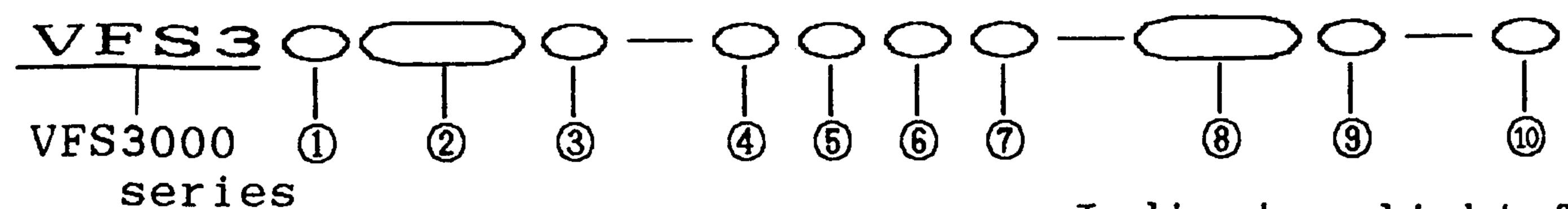
2) Conforming to JIS B8375-1981.
SUP.press:5kgf/cm², Solenoid:w/o Surge suppressor.

3) These value is Grommet type.

The state of the s

MODEL IDENTIFICATION

1) VALVE MODEL IDENTIFICATION



① Number of solenoids

_			
_	1	2-position	single
_	2	2-position	double
	3	3-position	closed center
	4	3-position	exhaust center
	5	3-position	pressure center

Dody tymo

	ouy type
20	Individual pilot exh.
30	Common pilot exh.

(3) Mathad of Dilat signal

<u> </u>	CHOU OI PII	ot Signai
None	Internal p	oilot
*R	External p	ilot

^{*}Semi-standard

4 Power source

1	100	VAC,50/60	Hz
2	200	VAC,50/60	Hz
*3	110~120	VAC,50/60	Hz
*4	220	VAC,50/60	HZ
5	24	VDC	
*6	12	VDC	
*7	240	VAC,50/60	Hz
*9	others		

^{*}Semi-standard

(5)	Electrical entry	
G	Grommet	•
E	Grommet terminal	
(7)		

Conduit terminal

DIN type terminal

Indicator light & Surge suppressor

None	Not provided
77	W/Indicator lightnal &
	Surge suppressor
*S	W/Surge suppressor
¥ 3	

^{*}Available to use only Grommet type.

Type of pilot valve manual operation

Push	safet	y type(flush)
		(extended)
Lock	tool-	requiring type
	Push	Push type

^Semi-standard

8 1	Port size	
02	Rc(PT)1/4	
03	Rc(PT)3/8	

Pipe threads

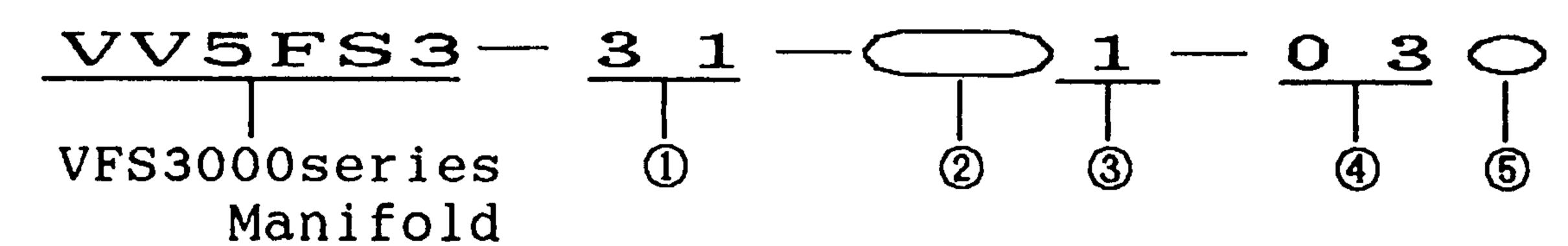
None	Rc(PT)
*N	NPT
*T	NPTF
*F	G(PF)
+ ~	

^{*}Semi-standard

Option

<u> </u>				
F	Foot	type	Bracket	
Note:	Using	only	VFS3120	series

2) MANIFOLD MODEL IDENTIFICATION



(1) Base type

<u> </u>	to og po		
31	Common	pilot	exh.

10) Number of stations

(2) 1/1	ımber	OI	station
02	Two		
•			
15	Fif	teei	<u> </u>

3 Manifold spec.

Mark	Port spec.	Piping spec.
	P, EA, EB	A,B
1	common	Body end
	Rc(PT)3/8	Rc(PT)1/4,3/8

P, EA, EB Port size Rc(PT)3/8

(5) Pipe threads

	T TPC OIL COO	
None	Rc(PT)	
*N	NPT	
*T	NPTF	
*F	G(PF)	

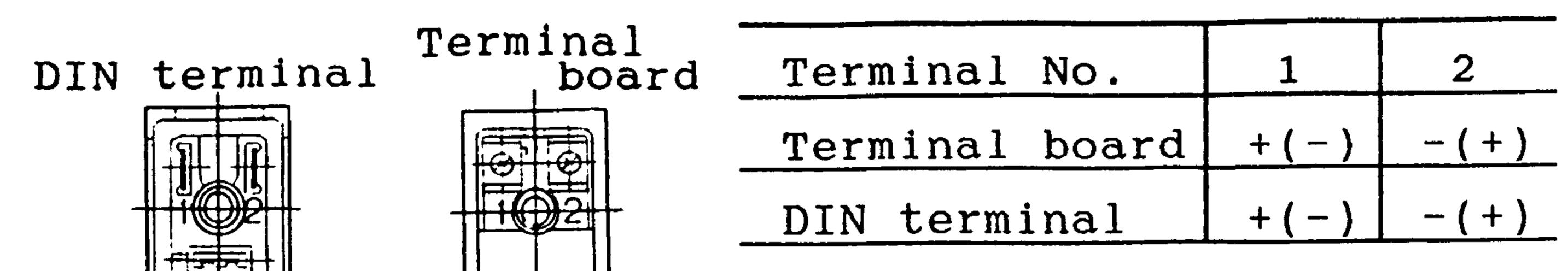
^{*}Semi-standard

Control of the second state of the second stat

3. Installation of leads wire

·Connect leads wire from solenoid housing to the power source end.

The units with DIN terminal and terminalboard (with voltage suppressor) are so internally wired as shown below; connect them to the power source end.



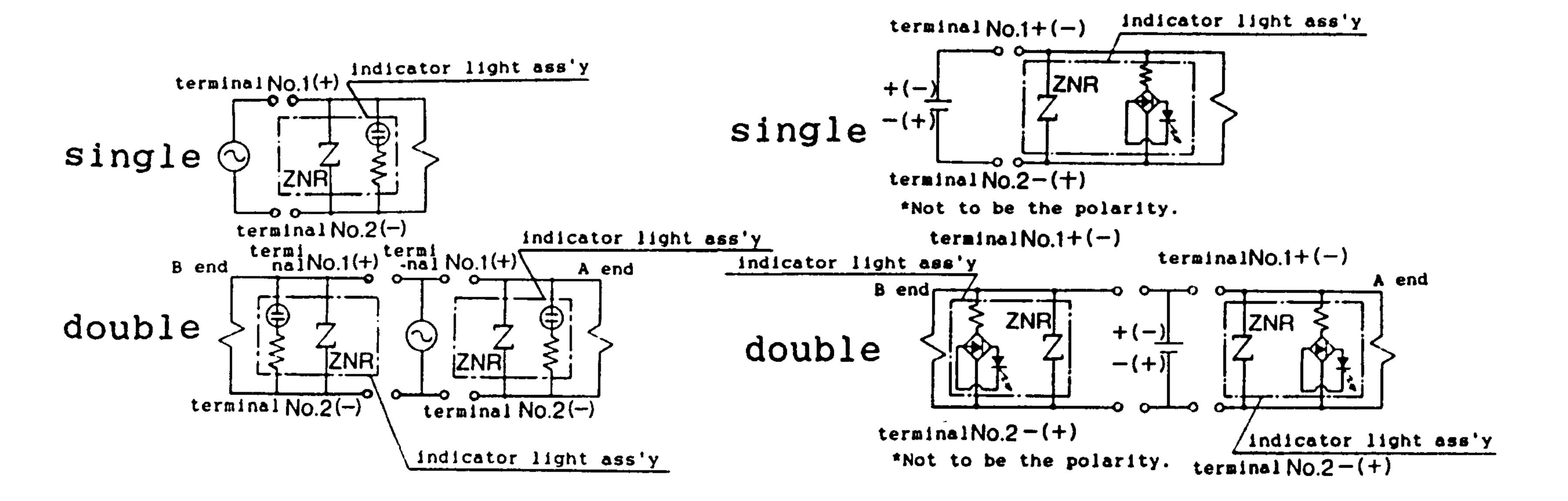
*Not to be the polarity.

4. Indicator light & Surge suppressor

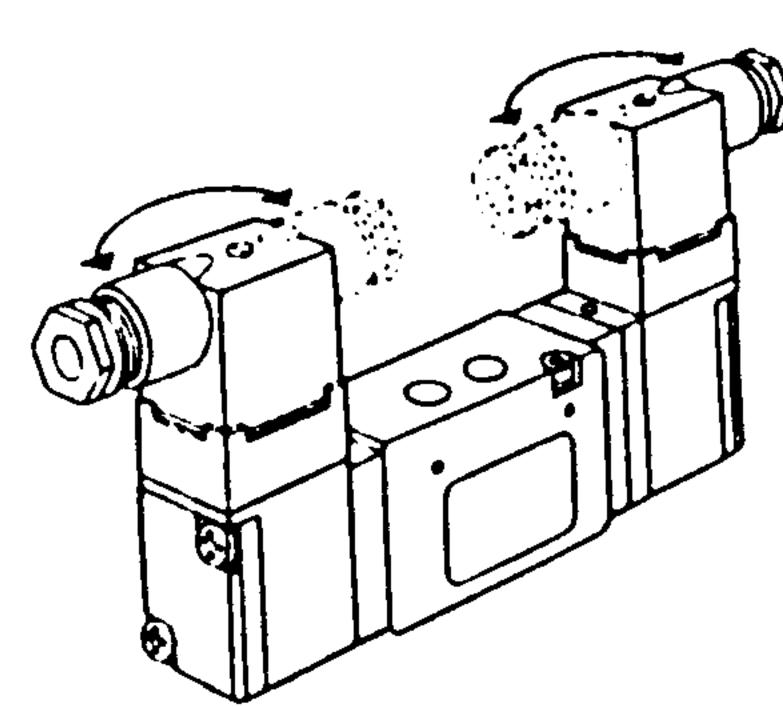
·Indicator light & Surge suppressor: This is installed the surge suppressor "ZNR".

· AC, DC 100V

· 48VDC or less



5.Change of DIN terminal/ Caable outlet



•The change of the direction is possible by removing the DIN terminal from the cover and inserting it again into the cover with 180° rotation.

Applicable cabtire cable Dia.6 to 8.

The state of the s

6. INSTALLATION

1) The unit can be installed in almost any position. For double solenoid and 3-position models, however, be careful so that the spool valve is parallel to the ground.

In applications where vibration is unavoidable, install the unit so that the spool valve is perpendicular to the direction of

so that the spool valve is perpendicular to the direction of vibration. (Do not use this unit in a place where vibration of more than 5G is expected.)

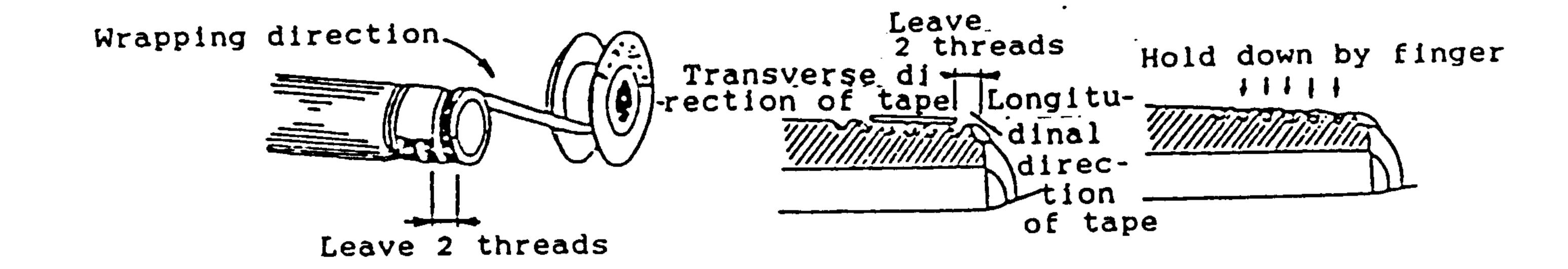
7.PIPING

- 1) Use a pipe of inside diameter equal to or larger than the nom -inal diameter.
- 2) Before piping, thoroughly flush both primary (supply pressure side) and secondary(final controlling element side) pipes to completely clear away dust, scale, and other foreign matters generated during piping job.
- 3) For the manifold to which the 3-position closed center valve is mounted, check the pipings between the valve and the cylinder and also fittings for possible leakage using a soapy water.

 If any leakage is present, take corrective action to stop the leakage. Also check the packings of the cylinder rod and piston for leakage. The presence of any leakage will cause the cylinder not to stop at the neutral position when the valve is turned off but to move. When wrapping the threads with a teflon sealing tape, leave one to two threads exposed at the tip of the thread and press the tape onto the thread by a finger nail to tightly adhere.

 When using a liquid sealing agent, also leave one to two threads and be careful not apply too much agent on the threads.

 In no case should the female threads be applied with the agent.



Fastening torque

Thread	Proper faste	ening torque, kgf-cm(N
Rc(PT)1/8	70-	
Rc(PT)1/4	120-1	(12-14)
Rc(PT)3/8	220-2	240 (22-24)

Pay utmost attention to design and performance of piping to facilitate removal and installation of the unit in the event trouble.

The street of th

8.ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

- 1) When the unit is used in dusty location, protect the rod of the cylinder to prevent dust from entering the secondary side through the rod.
 - On the EXH.port, provision should be made to prevent dust from entering the unit either by installing a silencer to the EXH.port or installing an elbow with its open end pointing downward.
- 2) In applications where installation of the unit in a place exposed to corrosive gas, chemical solution or its vapor, seawater, etc.or where high temperatures more than 60 °C is expected is unavoidable, consult with the manufacturer.

9. LUBRICANTS

1) The unit does not require lubrication. If however, lubrication is required for any reason such as the use of a lubrication-requiring cylinder, install a lubricator (oiler) in the primary side piping to supply atomized oil. Use turbine oil Class 1 (ISO VG32) as a lubricant. Never use spindle oil or machine oil. In low temperature applications, use low temperature lubricant.

Example: Idemitsu Kosan, lubricant for low temperatures,

Daphne Super Hydro 32WR -20 to +60°C

Turbine oil is higher in viscosity at low temperatures below 0°C, causing valve trouble.

10.MAINTENANCE

- 1) This solenoid valve does not require any particular maintenance. If, however, any trouble should occur during operation, refer to the troubleshooting list.
- 2) The carbon powder generated from an air pressure source (mainly a compressor) and oil contaminants will adhere to the spool, increasing the sliding resistance of the spool and eventually resulting in faulty operation of the valve. In the worst case, the spool may completely seize, pay particular attention to the quality of air.

In applications where the air with poor quality is used, if the unit is left with the SUP.pressure applied to the unit for a long period of time, the carbon powder contained in the

The properties of the properti

air or oil contaminant will build up between the spool and sleeve, causing the spool to seize. In such a case, check the type of compressor lubricant, and use compressor oil with better quality which forms less oxided substances.

Installation of a mist-separator with finer filtration (AM-series) after a normal filter (AF series) will prevent fine particles from entering the inside of the valve.

Commercially available compressor lubricants are:

Nippon Oil : Farecaol A-80

Idemitsu Kosan: Daphne CSS55, CS49

3) When the spool and the sleeve seize because of the foreign matter generated at an air pressure source, remove the adapter plate and end plate (in which the return spring is housed), extract the spool and sleeve from the valve body, and then clean them in a solution such as trichloroethylene or tetrachloride.

In so doing, do not immerse the "O"ring attached to the sleeve in cleaning solution.

4) When assembling the disassembled parts, be sure to replace all the parts in place. Tighten all the bolts evenly so that the gaskets do not slip.

11.TROUBLES AND REMEDY

- 1) Location the source of trouble
 - Step1 What is the phenomenon of trouble?
 - (1) Faulty operation?
 - (2) Buzzing?
 - (3) Poor seal?
 - Step2 Check the possible sources of trouble in the order of their higher probability judging the actual phenomenon.
 - Step3 Once the real source of trouble is located, take a corrective action based on the chart in "2)TROUBLE-SHOOTING".

The street of th

2) TROUBLESHOOTING Remedy Faulty Check operation Valve will Defective wiring Faulty of pilot valve operation not operate wiring system when power Insufficient at-Blown fuse is turned on | Exhausting from traction force or broken →② pilot EXH.port lead wire because of drop when deenergized in power voltage Though pilot Broken coil wire valve does shift, main Low pilot presvalve will sure not shift Seized or frozen 607 spool valve Faulty returning of spool valve Sliding resistance Does operate but of main valve inshift time is long creased because of Remedy 68 dust generated at Low line voltage Buzzing **→**③ air source or car-

→⑤

bon powder

ated

Much drain gener-

Fauity pilot valve

Loosened bolts

3) REMEDY

Leakage

Worn core

Foreign matter

caught in core

seat packing

port)

Air leaks out of

Air keaks out of

cap (pilot EXH.

No.	Remedy
1	Re-wire correctly.
2	Replace parts and correct wiring.
3	Regulate power voltage.
4	Regulate pressure so as to fall in operating pressure range.
(5)	Replace pilot valve ass'y.
6	Disassemble main valve spool and sleeve valve and eliminate dust.
7	Take countermeasure against freezing.
8	Take countermeasure against contamination of air source.
9	Take countermeasure against removing drain.
10	Fasten mounting bolts.

To users:

If the above remedies do not work, please send the unit back to the supplier for repair or replacement.